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Traffic Engineering
Transportation Planning
Transport Economy
Project Management
Project Financing & Viability

TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

TRONOX KZN SANDS (Pty) Ltd , Port Dunford, uMlalazi & uMhlathuze Local Municipality

February 2025



Traffic Engineering Transportation Planning Transport Economy Project Management Project Financing & Viability

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Our Reference: REP01/TW1363/11Feb25

11 February 2025

UMLALAZI & UMHLATHUZE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

uMlalazi Municipality uMhlathuze Local Municipality

The Directorate Planning and

The Department of Infrastructure Services

Development

For Attention: Mr Sibusiso Mngoma For Attention: Mr E S Ngcobo

Dear Sir

TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT: PROPOSED MINING DEVELOPMENT BY TRONOX, UMLALAZI & UMHLATHUZE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

BACKGROUND

Tronox is applying for mining rights in the Port Dunford area. The Port Dunford area is rich in ilmenite, rutile, zircon, and leucoxene. Tronox plans to mine these heavy minerals from the starting year 2025 until closing in 2069. The Port Dunford mining area will include several farm portions; namely Sub 1 & Remainder of Lot 102 uMlalazi No. 13860, Sub 1,2 & Remainder of Lot 131 uMlalazi No. 14098, Sub 1 & Remainder of Lot 103 uMlalazi No. 13880, Sub 2,3 & Remainder of Lot 104 uMlalazi No. 13853 and Sub 1 & Remainder of Lot Hibbert No. 15714 measuring ±843.72 hectares in extent.

Planned new mining and downstream processing operations at Port Dunford will over time replace the existing mining and processing operations at Fairbreeze.

Run of Mine (ROM) will be transported from the mining area at Port Dunford to a Primary Wet Plant (PWP), whereafter Heavy Mineral Concentrate (HMC) will be transported to the Central Processing Complex (CPC) in Empangeni for further processing. All transport of ROM and HMC will be done by 34-tonne side-tipper highway trucks.

The pumping of ROM to the PWP via a pipeline crossing under Road P535 and Road P537 is also possible. The impact of this scenario was not investigated since the critical scenario from a capacity and operational point of view is based on ROM transported by highway truck.

During the lifetime of the new mining operations, a new Mine and new PWP will be established in phases at Port Dunford, the existing Fairbreeze Mine and Fairbreeze PWP will be decommissioned, however the existing CPC in Empangeni will remain operational.

FIRST PHASE OF OPERATIONS

During the first phase of operations, minerals from the Port Dunford mining area will supplement the existing ROM feed to the Fairbreeze PWP. Mineral output will be transported from the Port Dunford mining area utilising the R102, Helly Hutchinson Road, and the N2 to transport the ROM to the PWP at Fairbreeze. The purpose of this phase is to ensure that the Fairbreeze PWP does not fall short with mineral production.

From Fairbreeze, HMC is currently transported by utilising the N2 route via Ngwelezane Road, and the Western Bypass to transfer the HMC to the CPC in Empangeni.

This first phase entails the mining of 70,400 ROM tonnes per annum (tpa) that will be transported by ±35 heavy vehicles per day to the PWP, and after processing will form part of the HMC (tpa) that is currently transported to the CPC. The mining operations will commence in 2025, and will be operational 12 hours a day, 60 days a year (once a month for 5 days) and result in low / negligible additional peak hour traffic volumes on the external road network.

SECOND PHASE OF OPERATIONS

The second phase of operations will commence in 2036 and will increase the mining output, using the full capacity of the new PWP that will be established at the Port Dunford mining area (the Fairbreeze PWP will be decommissioned at this point). Mining operations will take place in seven stages, each active for a period of 5 years from 2036 to 2069 (stage 1 being mined 2036 – 2040, stage 2 being mined 2041 – 2045, etc.). These seven mining stages will be identical in every way except the mining area, with stages 4, 5, and 6 being the only stages that are separated from the PWP by a public road, i.e. during which external traffic will be generated.

Stage 5 is the critical stage as it requires the crossing of both Road P537 and Road P535 for transportation of ROM to the PWP (Stage 4 and Stage 6 will require the crossing of Road P537 and Road P535 respectively). The ROM during the peak hours for every stage of mining will be transported by ±473 heavy vehicles to the PWP and back, crossing none or one of Road P537 or Road P535, or both roads:

- Stage 1 to Stage 3, and Stage 7 only internal traffic from the mine to the PWP,
- Stage 4 (west of Road P537) ±236 vehicles/hour crossing Road P537 per direction,
- Stage 4 (east of Road P537) only internal traffic,
- Stage 5 (west of Road P537 and east of Road P535) ±236 vehicles/hour crossing Road P537 and Road P535 per direction respectively,

- Stage 6 (west of Road P535) only internal traffic,
- > Stage 6 (east of Road P535) ±236 vehicles/hour crossing Road P535 per direction,

After processing at the new location of the PWP at Port Dunford, all minerals will be transported to the CPC in Empangeni (similar to the PWP at Fairbreeze during the First Phase). From the Port Dunford PWP, heavy vehicles will utilise a new interchange proposed on the N2 Route via Ngwelezane Road, and the Western Bypass to the CPC.

Fines residue will be pumped in slurry format from the PWP to a Residue Storage Facility (RSF) that will not generate any traffic.

The expected mining volumes during the Second Phase will comprise of the mining of $\pm 26,280,000$ ROM tpa (89% efficiency will translate into $\pm 23,470,000$ tpa) that will be transported by $\pm 1,891$ daily heavy vehicles (± 473 peak hour trucks) to the PWP, and after processing $\pm 574,900$ HMC tpa that will be transported by ± 46 daily heavy vehicles (± 12 peak hour trucks) to the CPC. This phase will operate 24 hours a day, via separate shifts, 365 days per year.

The required mitigation measures for the project includes the reconstruction of the northern section of Road P537 to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the standards of Kwa-Zulu Natal Roads Department (and realignment of the T-junction with R102) to support Phase 1 (2025), the construction of a partial interchange at the access on Road P535 and the signalization of the terminals at the P535 / N2 Interchange to support Phase 2 Stage 1 (2036), and the construction of a partial interchange at the access on Road P537, the reconstruction of the southern section of Road P537 to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the standards of Kwa-Zulu Natal Roads Department, and the construction of the ramps between P537 and the N2 to support Phase 2 Stage 4 (2051).

The construction of Public Transport Stops (PTS) and paved sidewalks is to connect PTS to the development is recommended at the proposed partial interchanges on Roads P535 and P537 to support the development.

Although this project also entails site-establishment and site-closure phases, these phases are not critical from a traffic impact perspective as it will generate much less traffic than the operational phases.

Please do not hesitate to contact us for any discussions and/or clarifications.

Kind regards

Pieter Kruger

For TECHWORLD

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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

CPC Central Processing Complex

HMC Heavy Mineral Concentrate

PWP Primary Wet Plant

ROM Run of Mine

RSF Residue Storage Facility

tpa Tonnes per annum

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Tronox is applying for mining rights in the Port Dunford area. The Port Dunford area is rich in ilmenite, rutile, zircon, and leucoxene. Tronox plans to mine these heavy minerals from the starting year 2025 till closing in 2069.

Planned new mining and downstream processing operations at Port Dunford will over time replace the existing mining and processing operations at Fairbreeze.

Run of Mine (ROM) will be transported from the mining area at Port Dunford to a Primary Wet Plant (PWP), whereafter Heavy Mineral Concentrate (HMC) will be transported to the Central Processing Complex (CPC) in Empangeni for further processing. All transport of ROM and HMC will be done by 34-ton side-tipper highway trucks.

The pumping of ROM to the PWP via a pipeline crossing under Road P535 and Road P537 is also possible. The impact of this scenario was not investigated since the critical scenario from a capacity and operational point of view is based on ROM transported by highway truck.

During the lifetime of the new mining operations, a new Mine and new PWP will be established in phases at Port Dunford, the existing Fairbreeze Mine and Fairbreeze PWP will be decommissioned, however the existing CPC in Empangeni will remain operational.

Refer to Figure 1: Locality Plan and Study Area.

1.2 MINING RIGHTS APPLICATION

Tronox is applying for the following mining rights for the following farms in the Port Dunford area:

- Remainder of Richards 16802, Remainder of Birkett 16832, Portion 1 of Birkett 16832, and Ruth 16833.
- Rights on portions 1 and 2 of Lot 131 uMlalazi 14098, Remainder of Lot 131 uMlalazi 14098, Remainder of Lot 103 uMlalazi 13880, and Remainder of Lot 104 uMlalazi 13853 in the Waterloo area
- Remainder of Lot 132 uMlalazi 13602, and Portion 1 of Lot 132 uMlalazi 13602 in the Penarrow area.

1.3 OBJECTIVES OF TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

This TIA determines the expected traffic impact of the planned mining operations at Port Dunford as well as the required mitigation measures from a capacity, operational, and traffic safety perspective.

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2 PLANNED MINING OPERATIONS

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The planned new mining and downstream mineral processing operations at Port Dunford will over time replace the existing mining and mineral processing operations at Fairbreeze.

The existing and phased mining operations are summarised in *Table 1*:

- > Existing mining & mineral processing operations at Fairbreeze,
- Phase 1 mining operations at Port Dunford,
- Phase 2 mining & mineral processing operations are Port Dunford,

No change will occur in the operations of the CPC in Empangeni. Byproducts from the CPC, MSP Tails & Gypsum, which are currently transported to the Fairbreeze PWP, will in future, during the Phase 2 operations, be transported to the Port Dunford PWP. The coarse tails that result from the PWP process, which is currently transported from the Fairbreeze PWP to the Fairbreeze Mine, will in future, during Phase 2, be transported from the Port Dunford PWP to the Port Dunford Mining areas.

2.2 PHASE 1 MINING OPERATIONS

The Primary Wet Plant (PWP) at Fairbreeze will remain operational during Phase 1 (2025 – 2036) and will only be decommissioned and moved by a PWP at Port Dunford during Phase 2. Heavy Mineral Concentrate (HMC) will be transported from the Fairbreeze PWP to the Central Processing Complex (CPC) in Empangeni during the Phase 1 operations (similar to the existing operations) but from the Port Dunford PWP during the Phase 2 operations.

2.3 PHASE 2 MINING OPERATIONS

Mining operations during Phase 2 will take place in seven stages, each active for a period of 5 years from 2036 to 2069 (stage 1 being mined 2036 – 2040, stage 2 being mined 2041 – 2045, etc.). These seven mining stages will be identical in every way except the mining area, with stages 4, 5, and 6 being the only stages that are separated from the PWP by a public road, i.e. during which external traffic will be generated.

Table 2 summarises the seven (7) stages of the Phase 2 mining operations.

Table 1: Phasing of Planned Mining Operations

PHASING OF MINING OPERATIONS	PRODUCT	ROUTE	PROCESS FLOW	ESTIMATED ANNUAL OUT- PUT (tonnes)
	ROM	Fairbreeze Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	Mine – PWP	UNKNOWN (existing)
EXISTING SITUATION:	HMC	PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	PWP - CPC	574,856
Mine & PWP at Fairbreeze	MSP Tails & Gypsum	CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	CPC – PWP	201,550
	Coarse Tails	PWP Fairbreeze to Fairbreeze Mine	PWP - Mine	166,410
	ROM	Fairbreeze Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	Mine – PWP	UNKNOWN (existing)
	ROM	Port Dunford Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	New Mine – PWP	70,400
	HMC (based on ROM input from Fairbreeze Mine)	PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	PWP – CPC	570,733
PHASE 1: 2025 – 2036:	HMC (based on ROM input Port Dunford Mine)	PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	PWP – CPC	4,123
New Mine at Port Dunford (PWP remains at Fairbreeze)	MSP Tails & Gypsum (based on ROM input from Fairbreeze Mine)	CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	CPC – PWP	200,027
at i diibicczej	MSP Tails & Gypsum (based on ROM input from Port Dunford Mine)	CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	CPC – PWP	1,523
	Coarse Tails	PWP Fairbreeze to Fairbreeze Mine	PWP - Mine	165,153
	Coarse Tails	PWP Fairbreeze to Port Dunford Mine	PWP – New Mine	1,257
	ROM	Port Dunford Mine to PWP Port Dunford	New Mine – New PWP	23,470,000
PHASE 2: 2036 – 2069:	нмс	PWP Port Dunford to CPC Empangeni	New PWP – CPC	574,856
New Mine AND PWP at Port Dunford	MSP Tails & Gypsum	CPC Empangeni to PWP Port Dunford	CPC – New PWP	201,550
	Coarse Tails	PWP Port Dunford to Port Dunford Mine	New PWP – New Mine	166,410

Note: Additional / Change in Production indicated in BOLD

Table 2: Stages in Phase 2 Mining Operations

STAGE	PERIOD	MINING AREA	TRAFFIC GENERATED
STAGE 1	2036 – 2040		
STAGE 2	2041 – 2045	Between Road P537 and Road P535	Only Internal Traffic
STAGE 3	2046 – 2050		
STAGE 4	2051 – 2055	West of Road P537	Traffic will cross Road P537
STAGE 4	2031 – 2033	East of Road P537	Only Internal Traffic
STAGE 5	2056 – 2060	West of Road P537	Traffic will cross Road P537
STAGES		East of Road P535	Traffic will cross Road P535
STAGE 6	2061 – 2065	West of Road P535	Only internal Traffic
STAGE 0	2061 – 2065	East of Road P535	Traffic will cross Road P535
STAGE 7	2066 - 2069	Between Road P537 and Road P535	Only Internal Traffic

Stage 5 is the critical stage as it requires the crossing of both Road P537 and Road P535 for transportation of ROM to the PWP (Stage 4 and Stage 6 will require the crossing of Road P537 and Road P535 respectively):

- ➤ Stage 1 to Stage 3, and Stage 7 only internal traffic,
- Stage 4 (west of Road P537) traffic will cross Road P537,
- Stage 4 (east of Road P537) only internal traffic,
- Stage 5 (west of Road P537 and east of Road P535) traffic will cross Road P537 and Road P535,
- Stage 6 (west of Road P535) only internal traffic,
- Stage 6 (east of Road P535) traffic will cross Road P535,

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3 EXPECTED TRAFFIC GENERATION

3.1 HEAVY VEHICLE (HV) TRIP GENERATION

Delivery of minerals from Mine to PWP (ROM), PWP to CPC (HMC), CPC to PWP (MSP Tails & Gypsum), and PWP to Mine (Coarse Tails) will be done by 34-tonne 7-axle side-tipper heavy vehicles.

The expected daily and peak hour trips during Phase 1 and Phase 2 mining operations are based on the assumptions stated in the following paragraphs.

Heavy vehicle trips during Phase 1 were calculated based on the following assumptions:

- Planned mining output of 100 tonne/hour,
- Mining efficiency of 89%,
- Average payload of 34-tonne,
- Mining operations 12-hours per day,
- Mining operations of 60 days per annum,
- Maximum peak hour trips 25% of daily trips,
- Return traffic is mostly empty vehicles,

Heavy vehicle trips during Phase 2 were calculated based on the following assumptions:

- Planned mining output of 3,000 tonne/hour,
- Mining efficiency of 89%,
- > Average payload of 34-tonne,
- Mining operations 24-hours per day,
- Mining operations of 365 days per annum,
- Maximum peak hour trips 25% of daily trips,
- Return traffic is mostly empty vehicles,

Inspection of *Table 3* shows that the existing peak hour heavy vehicle traffic (up to 2025), as well as the Phase 1 (2025 - 2036) and Phase 2 (2036 - 2069) peak hour heavy vehicle traffic is low, i.e. below 50 vehicle trips, with the exception of the ROM from the various Port Dunford Mining Areas (Stages) to the Port Dunford PWP.

Table 4 indicates the maximum peak hour heavy vehicle traffic that will transport ROM between the various Stages (Port Dunford Mining Areas) and the Port Dunford PWP. This traffic will have to cross one of two public roads, namely Road P537 and Road P535.

Table 3: Maximum Peak Hour Heavy Vehicle Trips per Phase (One-way Traffic)

PHASING OF MINING OPERATIONS	ROUTE	ESTIMATED ANNUAL OUT- PUT (tonnes)	ESTIMATED DAILY ONE- WAY TRUCKS	ESTIMATED PEAK HOUR ONE-WAY TRUCKS
	ROM from Fairbreeze Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
EXISTING SITUATION:	HMC from PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	574,856	±46	±12
UP TO 2025: Mine & PWP at Fairbreeze	MSP Tails & Gypsum from CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	201,550	±16	±4
	Coarse Tails from PWP Fairbreeze to Fairbreeze Mine	166,410	±13	±3
	ROM from Fairbreeze Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
	ROM from Port Dunford Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	70,400	±35	±9
	HCM (ROM from Fairbreeze Mine) from PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	570,733	±44	±11
PHASE 1: 2025 – 2036:	HCM (ROM from port Dunford Mine) from PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	4,123	±2	<1
New Mine at Port Dunford (PWP remains at Fairbreeze)	MSP Tails & Gypsum (ROM from Fairbreeze Mine) from CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	200,027	±15	±4
	MSP Tails & Gypsum (ROM from Port Dunford Mine) from CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	1,523	±1	<1
	Coarse Tails from PWP Fairbreeze to Fairbreeze Mine	165,153	±12	±3
	Coarse Tails from PWP Fairbreeze to Port Dunford Mine	1,257	±1	<1
	ROM from Port Dunford Mine to PWP Port Dunford	23,470,000	±1,891	±473
PHASE 2: 2036 – 2069:	HMC from PWP Port Dunford to CPC Empangeni	574.856	±46	±12
New Mine AND PWP at Port Dunford	MSP Tails & Gypsum from CPC Empangeni to PWP Port Dunford	201,550	±16	±4
	Coarse Tails from PWP Port Dunford to Port Dunford Mine	166,410	±13	±3

Note: New traffic / changed traffic indicated in BOLD

Table 4: Maximum Heavy Vehicle Traffic for Stages in Phase 2 Mining Operations

STAGE	PERIOD	MINING AREA	PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC GENERATED PER DIRECTION
STAGE 1	2036 – 2040		
STAGE 2	2041 – 2045	Between Road P537 and Road P535	Only Internal Traffic
STAGE 3	2046 – 2050		
STAGE 4	2051 – 2055	West of Road P537	±236 vehicles/hour crossing P537 (per direction)
STAGE 4	2051 – 2055	East of Road P537	Only Internal Traffic
STAGE 5	2056 – 2060	West of Road P537	±236 vehicles/hour crossing P537 (per direction)
STAGES		East of Road P535	±236 vehicles/hour crossing P535 (per direction)
STAGE 6	2061 2065	West of Road P535	Only internal Traffic
STAGE	2061 – 2065	East of Road P535	±236 vehicles/hour crossing P535 (per direction)
STAGE 7	2066 - 2069	Between Road P537 and Road P535	Only Internal Traffic

3.2 LIGHT VEHICLES (LV) TRIP GENERATION

Phase 1 requires ± 38 staff members for operations. Allowance is made for 30% extra staff in the form of contractors to perform various tasks. Phase 2 requires ± 43 staff members, with the added 30% for contractors. An average vehicle occupancy of 1.2 is assumed for both phases.

Table 5: Maximum Peak Hour Light Vehicle Trips per Phase

	PEAK HOUR LIGHT VEHICLE TRIPS					
TRONOX	STAFF	CONTRAC- TORS	TOTAL WORKERS	VEHICLE OCCUPANCY	TOTAL LIGHT VEHICLES	
Phase 1	38	11 (30%)	49	1.2	41	
Phase 2	43	13 (30%)	56	1.2	47	

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4 EXPECTED TRAFFIC ASSIGNMENT

4.1 SUPPORTING ROAD NETWORK

The Port Dunford Mining Area is located between the N2 in the south and the R102 in the north and is bisected by two public roads namely Road P537 in the west and Road P535 in the east.

The N2 is a Class 1 national road under the jurisdiction of SANRAL, while the R102 (Road P2-4) is a Class 2, and Roads P537 and P535 Class 3 provincial roads, respectively, under the jurisdiction of the Kwazulu-Natal Provincial Roads Department.

A diamond interchange is constructed between Road P535 and the N2, while Road P537 crosses the N2 with an Underpass.

Transport of HMC to the Empangeni CPC and MSP Tails & Gypsum from the Empangeni CPC, via the N2, requires the use of the R34 between the N2 and the CPC. However, since the R34 traverses the CBD of Empangeni, heavy vehicles are avoiding the section of the R34 through the CBD by using a circular route – R102 – Ngwelezane Road – Western Bypass – to travel to the CPC. The sections of the R34 between the N2 and the R102 (Road P496) and north of the Western Bypass (Road P230) are provincial Class 2 roads, while Ngwelezane Road (Road P456), and the Western Bypass (Road P166) are provincial Class 3 roads.

4.2 ACCESS TO MINING AREAS

Access to the supporting road network, from the Port Dunford Mining Areas, must be from the lower order Class 3 roads, namely Road P537 in the west, and Road P535 in the east. Since these roads bisect the mining areas, it will be necessary to cross these roads to transport ROM to the PWP during the Phase 2 mining operations. *Table 4* shows that this will only be required during Stages 4, 5, and 6.

4.3 HEAVY VEHICLE ROUTING (ASSIGNMENT)

Mining at Fairbreeze and Port Dunford has the following transportation requirements for Phase 1 and Phase 2 respectively:

4.3.1 PHASE 1 MINING OPERATIONS

The mining area for Phase 1 is located west of Road P537. Since there is no existing interchange between Road P537 and the N2, the ROM and Coarse Tails between the mining area in Port Dunford and the Fairbreeze PWP will have to be transported via the R102.

Transportation between the Fairbreeze PWP and the CPC Empangeni is already taking place via the N2.

The following routes will therefore be used for the Phase 1 mining operations:

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- > ROM: Port Dunford Mining Area to Fairbreeze PWP via the R102 and the N2,
- HMC: Fairbreeze PWP to Empangeni CPC via the N2 and the R34,
- MSP Tails & Gypsum: Empangeni CPC to Fairbreeze PWP via the N2 and the R34,
- Coarse Tails: Fairbreeze PWP to Port Dunford Mining Area via the R102 and the N2,

4.3.2 PHASE 2 MINING OPERATIONS

The Fairbreeze PWP and mining area will be decommissioned at the start of the Phase 2 mining operations. Since a new PWP will be constructed within the Port Dunford mining areas, most of the heavy vehicle traffic will occur internally (ROM and Coarse Tails to/from the PWP) except for heavy vehicle traffic that will have to cross either Road P537 or Road P535 or both. Heavy vehicle traffic between the PWP and the Empangeni CPC will divert from the Fairbreeze PWP (which will be decommissioned) to the Port Dunford PWP (via the N2).

- ROM: Port Dunford Mining Areas to Port Dunford PWP (only internal traffic or crossing of either Road P537 or Road P535 or both),
- ► HMC: Port Dunford PWP to Empangeni CPC via the N2 and the R34,
- MSP Tails & Gypsum: Empangeni CPC to Port Dunford PWP via the N2 and the R34,
- Coarse Tails: Port Dunford PWP to Port Dunford Mining Areas (only internal traffic or crossing of either Road P537 or Road P535 or both),

4.4 LIGHT VEHICLE ROUTING (ASSIGNMENT)

Section 3.2 shows that less than 50 light vehicle peak hour trips (±41 during Phase 1 and ±47 during Phase 2) are expected during the weekday peak hours (many of these light vehicle trips will actually occur outside the commuting peak hours given the operational hours of mining activities).

The origins of staff members (place of residence) and contractors (place of business) are distributed between Richards Bay, Empangeni, Mtunzini, KwaGingindlovu, and Eshowe. These trips are thus expected to distribute from Road P537 and Road P535 to the R102 in the north and the N2 in the south, and then along these roads towards the west and the east.

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5 ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

5.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Traffic surveys were conducted in the study area to determine the existing operational conditions on the road network.

5.2 TRAFFIC SURVEYS

Traffic surveys were done on Tuesday, 15 November 2022, between 06:00 and 18:00 at 16 intersections in the study area. These intersections cover the total operational area of the project, i.e. including the Fairbreeze Mine and PWP, and the Empangeni CPC.

The following intersections were surveyed:

- 1) Empangeni CPC Access / R34 (P230)
- 2) Western Bypass (P166) / R34 (P230)
- 3) R102 (P2-4) / R34 (P496)
- 4) N2 28 Western Terminal / R34 (P496)
- 5) N2 28 Eastern Terminal / R34 (P496)
- 6) Western Bypass (P166) / Ngwelezane Rd (P456)
- 7) R102 (P2-4) / Ngwelezane Rd (P456)
- 8) Hely Hutchinson Rd (P378) / R102 (P2-4)
- 9) Road P537 / R102 (P2-4)
- 10) Road P535 / R102 (P2-4)
- 11) Fairbreeze Mine Access Road / N2 28 Northern Terminal
- 12) Hely Hutchinson Rd (P378) / N2 28 Northern Terminal
- 13) Road P535 / N2 28 Northern Terminal
- 14) Fairbreeze Mine Access Road / N2 28 Southern Terminal
- 15) Hely Hutchinson Rd (P378) / N2 28 Southern Terminal
- 16) Road P535 / N2 28 Southern Terminal

The processed traffic data indicates that the weekday morning commuting peak hour is between 6:45 and 7:45, while the weekday afternoon commuting peak hour is between 16:00 and 17:00.

5.3 CAPACITY AND OPERATIONAL ANALYSES

Capacity and Operational analyses were subsequently done for three scenarios, namely the base year in 2025, as well as a future 5-year horizon (2030) and a future 10-year horizon (2035) with assumed growth rates in background traffic of 3% p.a. during the first 5-years and 2% p.a. during the following 5-years.

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The summary results of the Capacity and Operational Analyses for the current and expected growth in background traffic is shown in *Table 6* below:

Table 6: Weekday Peak Hours: Summary Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses for Background Traffic

INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	MOE	2025 CURRENT TRAFFIC	2030 5 YEAR HORIZON	2035 10 YEAR HORIZON
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	0.277	0.317	0.327
INTERSECTION 1 Empangeni CPC	Weekday	Delay	1.0	1.1	1.3
	AM	LOS	A	A	F
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Access / R34 (P230)		V/C	0.208	0.331	0.341
	Weekday	Delay	1.4	1.6	1.8
	PM	LOS	D	E	E
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	TSC	TSC	TSC
		V/C	1.406 (1.406)	1.358 (1.358)	1.397 (1.397)
	Weekday	Delay	79.9 (224.9)	102.1 (208.4)	120.7 (218.8)
INTERSECTION 2	AM	LOS	E (F)	E (F)	F (F)
Western Bypass (P166)		Cycle Length	75	85	90
/ R34 (P230)	Weekday PM	V/C	0.916 (0.916)	1.104 (1.104)	1.154 (1.154)
		Delay	41.3 (70.7)	55.4 (104.5)	65.3 (119.7)
		LOS	D (E)	E (F)	E (F)
		Cycle Length	120	85	85
	Intersection	Control	TSC	TSC	TSC
		V/C	0.864 (0.864)	0.939 (0.939)	0.806 (0.806)
	Weekday	Delay	21.8 (35.4)	25.3 (39.8)	24.7 (48.4)
INTERSECTION 3	AM	LOS	C (D)	C (D)	C (D)
R102 (P2-4) / R34		Cycle Length	60	60	80
(P496)		V/C	1.070 (1.070)	1.050 (1.050)	1.033 (1.033)
	Weekday	Delay	32.7 (75.1)	33.3 (70.3)	28.4 (28.4)
	PM	LOS	C (E)	C (E)	C (E)
		Cycle Length	80	65	70
	Intersection	Control	TSC	TSC	TSC
		V/C	0.766 (0.766)	0.815 (0.815)	0.814 (0.814)
	Weekday	Delay	25.9 (41.3)	22.4 (49.8)	23.6 (55.4)
INTERSECTION 4	AM	LOS	B (D)	C (D)	C (E)
N2 Western Terminal /		Cycle Length	90	90	100
R34 (P496)		V/C	0.747 (0.747)	0.789 (0.789)	0.800 (0.800)
	Weekday	Delay	15.3 (39.1)	17.2 (47.8)	18.0 (50.7)
	PM	LOS	B (D)	B (D)	B (D)
		Cycle Length	70	85	90

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INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	MOE	2025 CURRENT TRAFFIC	2030 5 YEAR HORIZON	2035 10 YEAR HORIZON
	Intersection	Control	TSC	TSC	TSC
		V/C	0.758 (0.758)	0.789 (0.789)	0.820 (0.820)
INTERSECTION 5 N2 Eastern Terminal /	Weekday	Delay	19.7 (32.9.0)	22.7 (45.0)	24.4 (45.0)
	AM	LOS	B (C)	C (D)	C (D)
		Cycle Length	80	110	110
R34 (P496)		V/C	0.815 (0.815)	0.933 (0.933)	0.963 (0.963)
	Weekday	Delay	30.3 (44.6)	43.7 (57.0)	51.2 (64.3)
	PM	LOS	C (D)	D (E)	D (E)
		Cycle Length	110	120	120
	Intersection	Control	TSC	TSC	TSC
		V/C	0.897 (0.897)	0.874 (0.874)	0.881 (0.881)
	Weekday	Delay	25.9 (56.9)	19.6 (56.5)	21.2 (64.8)
INTERSECTION 6	AM	LOS	C (E)	B (E)	C (E)
Western Bypass (P166) / Ngwelezane Rd		Cycle Length	90	90	100
(P456)	Weekday PM	V/C	0.814 (0.814)	0.859 (0.859)	0.817 (0.817)
		Delay	23.8 (47.6)	20.2 (41.9)	21.5 (50.9)
		LOS	C (D)	C (D)	C (D)
		Cycle Length	80	70	80
	Intersection	Control	RBT	RBT	RBT
		V/C	0.378	0.444	0.475
	Weekday	Delay	7.2	7.5	7.8
INTERSECTION 7	AM	LOS	A	Α	A
R102 (P2-4) /		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Ngwelezane Rd (P456)		V/C	0.319	0.443	0.475
	Weekday	Delay	7.2	7.6	7.8
	PM	LOS	Α	A	A
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	0.413	0.486	0.510
	Weekday	Delay	7.4	8.1	8.4
INTERSECTION 8	AM	LOS	С	С	С
Hely Hutchinson Road		Cycle Length	-	-	-
(P378) / R102 (P2-4)		V/C	0.257	0.304	0.319
	Weekday	Delay	6.1	6.3	6.4
	PM	LOS	В	В	В
		Cycle Length	-	-	-

INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	MOE	2025 CURRENT TRAFFIC	2030 5 YEAR HORIZON	2035 10 YEAR HORIZON
	Intersection	Control	owsc	owsc	OWSC
		V/C	0.068	0.079	0.082
	Weekday	Delay	2.3	2.0	2.0
INTERSECTION 9	AM	LOS	A	A	A
Road P537 / R102 (P2-		Cycle Length	-	-	-
4)		V/C	0.084	0.097	0.101
	Weekday	Delay	1.6	1.5	1.6
	PM	LOS	A	A	A
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	RBT	RBT	RBT
		V/C	0.250	0.297	0.307
	Weekday	Delay	6.2	6.4	6.4
INTER-SECTION 10	AM	LOS	В	В	A
Road P535 / R102 (P2-		Cycle Length	-	-	-
4)	Weekday PM	V/C	0.264	0.315	0.327
		Delay	5.7	5.8	5.9
		LOS	A	A	A
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	0.059	0.033	0.034
	Weekday	Delay	4.2	3.0	3.0
INTERSECTION 13	AM	LOS	A	A	A
Fairbreeze Access Road / N2 Northern		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Terminal		V/C	0.077	0.033	0.048
	Weekday	Delay	5.2	3.0	4.8
	PM	LOS	A	A	A
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	0.159	0.138	0.151
	Weekday	Delay	3.1	2.3	2.7
INTERSECTION 14	AM	LOS	В	С	С
Hely Hutchinson Rd (P378) / N2 Northern		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Terminal		V/C	0.136	0.139	0.150
	Weekday	Delay	2.6	2.5	2.5
	PM	LOS	В	В	В
		Cycle Length	-	-	-

INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	MOE	2025 CURRENT TRAFFIC	2030 5 YEAR HORIZON	2035 10 YEAR HORIZON
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	1.308	1.308	1.646
	Weekday	Delay	21.1	21.1	29.1
INTERSECTION 16	AM	LOS	F	F	F
Road P535 / N2		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Northern Terminal		V/C	0.515	0.484	0.539
	Weekday	Delay	5.2	26.3	6.7
	PM	LOS	D	Е	E
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	0.109	0.087	0.091
	Weekday	Delay	4.6	5.0	5.0
INTERSECTION 17	AM	LOS	A	Α	A
Fairbreeze Access Road / N2 Southern		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Terminal		V/C	0.074	0.049	0.050
	Weekday PM	Delay	3.0	1.7	1.7
		LOS	А	Α	A
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
	Weekday	V/C	0.202	0.222	0.257
		Delay	2.7	2.7	2.7
INTERSECTION 18	AM	LOS	С	С	С
Hely Hutchinson Rd		Cycle Length	-	-	-
(P378) / N2 Southern Terminal	Wookday	V/C	0.172	0.196	0.248
reminal		Delay	3.0	3.0	3.5
	Weekday PM	LOS	В	В	В
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	owsc	owsc	owsc
		V/C	0.703	2.111	2.495
	Weekday	Delay	8.9	29.8	38.1
INTERSECTION 20	AM	LOS	F	F	F
Road P535 / N2		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Southern Terminal		V/C	0.324	0.326	0.362
		Delay	5.0	4.0	4.2
	Weekday PM	LOS	D	D	E
		Cycle Length		_	_
		Cycle Length	-	-	-

NOTE:

The MOE's in brackets show the worst / critical <u>movement</u> (OWSC and TWSC) or the worst / critical <u>approach</u> (TSC, AWSC and RBT).

TSC = Traffic Signal Control

AWSC = All-way Stop Control

TWSC = Two-way Stop Control

OWSC = One-way Stop Control

RBT = Roundabout

5.4 ASSESSMENT

Inspection of *Table 6* shows that the following intersections will be operating under constrained conditions during the various scenarios:

Base year in 2025: Intersections 2, 16, and 20

The mitigation of these intersections is not the responsibility of the applicant, although the poor operating conditions at Intersections 16 and 20 (terminals of N2 / R535 Interchange) is of particular importance since access will be obtained from Road P535 in future.

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6 ASSESSMENT AND MITIGATION OF FUTURE TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

6.1 ROUTE PWP TO EMPANGENI CPC

The transport of HMC (firstly from Fairbreeze PWP and secondly from Port Dunford PWP) to the Empangeni CPC, and the return products MSP Tails & Gypsum to the respective PWP's comprises of very low peak hour traffic volumes which are mostly already on the network. These volumes are estimated as ±24 two-way heavy vehicle trips which is not significant from a capacity and operational analyses point of view.

No further analyses of these trips are required.

6.2 ROUTE PORT DUNFORD MINING AREA TO FAIRBREEZE PWP (PHASE 1)

Phase 1 of the mining operations will be located on the remainder of Richards 16802, and Portion 1 of the same. ROM will be transported to the PWP at Fairbreeze via the R102 and the N2 and will comprises of very low peak hour traffic volumes namely ±18 two-way heavy vehicle trips which is not significant from a capacity and operational analyses point of view.

No further analyses of these trips are required.

6.3 ROUTE PORT DUNFORD MINING AREAS TO PORT DUNFORD PWP (PHASE 2)

The Phase 2 mining operations will take place in Stages, i.e. different mining areas. *Table 4* summarises the traffic requirements of these Stages in terms of external traffic:

- ➤ Stage 4 (2051 2055) West of Road P537 236 heavy vehicles/hour will have to cross Road P537,
- ➤ Stage 5 (2056 2060) West of Road P537 236 heavy vehicles/hour will have to cross Road P537.
- Stage 5 (2056 2060) East of Road P535 236 heavy vehicles/hour will have to cross Road P535,
- Stage 6 (2061 2065) East of Road P535 236 heavy vehicles/hour will have to cross Road P535,

6.4 ACCESS TO PORT DUNFORD MINING AREAS

6.4.1 ACCESS FROM ROAD P537 AND ROAD P535

The at-grade crossing of Road P537 and Road P535 by high peak hour heavy vehicle volumes given mining operations on both sides of these roads is not acceptable from an operational

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and traffic safety point of view and must be prevented through the construction of either an underpass or an overpass of these roads.

The construction of a partial interchange is recommended given that access is also required at these locations. The construction of a physical median will prohibit at-grade crossings at the access position. Refer to *Illustration 1*.

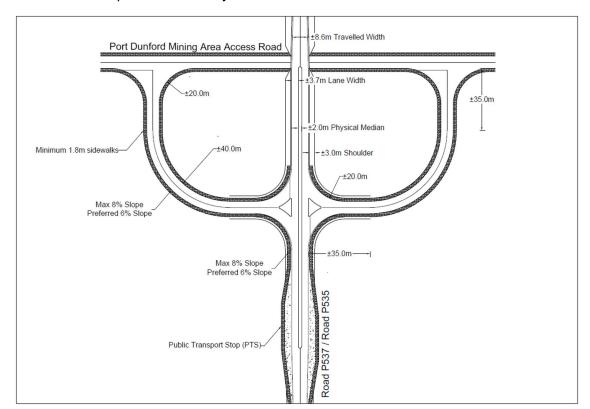


Illustration 1: Proposed Access Layout on Road P535 / Road P537

6.4.2 ACCESS FROM N2 NATIONAL ROAD

A diamond interchange is constructed between Road P535 and the N2, while Road P537 crosses the N2 with an Underpass. Since access to the N2 national road is currently not possible from Road P537, the construction of the required on- and off-ramps at the existing underpass is recommended.

This new interchange will also alleviate the expected future congestion at the existing interchange between Road P535 and the N2 (Intersections 16 and 20), which in future will increase due to additional traffic that will be generated by the Port Dunford mining operations.

6.5 EXPECTED HEAVY VEHICLE TRIPS

The expected heavy vehicle trips, for both phases, in the various traffic corridors are summarised in Table 7 that also shows the routes and affected intersections.

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Table 7: Heavy Vehicle Trips per Route

PHASE	TRAFFIC CORRIDORS	HV IN PEAK HOUR	ROUTE	AFFECTED INTERSECTIONS
Dhana 1	Between Mine and PWP Fairbreeze	9	P537, R102, Hely Hutchinson Rd, N2.	8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 17, 18
Phase 1	Between PWP Fairbreeze – CPC Empangeni	1	N2, R34, R102, Ngwelezane Rd, Western Bypass.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 17
	Between Mine and PWP Port Dunford	473	Internal Roadways	11, 12
Phase 2	Between PWP Port Dunford 12 and CPC Empangeni		P537, P535, N2, R34, R102, Ngwelezane Rd, Western Bypass.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20

Inspection of this table shows the following potential traffic issues (Refer to Figure 1):

- ➤ High volumes of heavy vehicles crossing Road P535 at Intersection 12 and Road P537 at Intersection 11,
- The use of the terminals of the N2 / P535 interchange (Intersections 16 and 20) which are already congested with the existing traffic volumes,
- No interchange is currently provided at the underpass of Road P537 with the N2 (Intersections 15 and 19),

6.6 EXPECTED IMPACT OF ADDITIONAL LIGHT VEHICLE TRAFFIC

Plant operators, labourers, and supervisors all must commute to work, as there is no housing on site.

Section 3.2 shows that less than 50 light vehicle peak hour trips (±41 during Phase 1 and ±47 during Phase 2) are expected during the weekday peak hours (many of these light vehicle trips will occur outside the commuting peak hours given the operational hours of mining activities on the site).

The light vehicle trips are expected to distribute from Road P537 and Road P535 to the R102 in the north and the N2 in the south, and then along these roads towards the west and the east. The relative impact of these expected trips from a capacity and operational point of view will thus be low and does not require any further consideration from a capacity and operational point of view.

No further analyses of these trips are required.

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Table 8: Peak Hour Light Vehicle Trips per Phase

TRONOX	PEAK HOUR LIGHT VEHICLE TRIPS									
IKONOX	TOTAL LV	ROUTE	AFFECTED INTERSECTIONS							
Phase 1	41	Hely Hutchinson Rd, R102, P537, N2	9, 10, 11, 8, 14, 18							
Phase 2	47	Hely Hutchinson Rd, R102, P537, P535, N2	9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20							

Inspection of this table shows the following potential traffic issues:

- The light vehicles during Phase 1 will not warrant the construction of the interchange between Road P537 and the N2, although the interchange will be required during Phase 2 (Stage 5),
- The use of the terminals of the N2 / P535 interchange (Intersections 16 and 20) which are already congested with the existing traffic volumes,

6.7 CAPACITY & OPERATIONAL ANALYSES

Capacity and operational analyses were subsequently done for the immediate study area of the mining operations that includes the surrounding road network and intersections (Intersections 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20).

Capacity and operational analyses are required for separate periods. Phase 1 will commence in 2025 and will continue until 2036 when Phase 2 will commence with the establishment of a new PWP at Port Dunford. The PWP will operate until 2069. During this period different areas (Stages) will be mined at Port Dunford. The external traffic distribution of Phase 2 however will not change given that different areas (Stages) will be mined on the site with the same output. For this reason, and from a practical perspective only future years 2025, 2030, and 2036 was analysed. It was thus assumed that Phase 2 will be fully operational by 2036 since it is not reasonable to analyse further future years (2037 – 2069) given the relatively small trip generation of the mining operations.

The capacity and operational analyses that follow in *Table 9* is based on the required access arrangements at Intersection 11 and Intersection 12 (to support Phase 2) and includes the construction of the interchange terminals (on- and off-ramps) between Road P537 and the N2 (Intersections 15 and 19) (to support Phase 2).

The following mitigation measures are included / required:

- Intersection 9: The realignment of the southern approach of the intersection is required to ensure a minimum 10-degree angle on this approach from a sight distance / safety perspective. No other mitigation measures are required at this intersection.
- Intersection 10: No mitigation measures are required.

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- Intersection 11: The construction of a partial interchange, i.e. an Underpass / Overpass crossing P537 with marginal access on both sides of P537 which is separated by a physical median is required.
- Intersection 12: The construction of a partial interchange, i.e. an Underpass / Overpass crossing P535 with marginal access on both sides of P535 which is separated by a physical median is required.
- Intersection 15: The construction of the ramps and northern terminal with an additional right-turn lane on the south approach of P537 is required.
- Intersection 16: The implementation of traffic signal control is required at the northern terminal of the P535 / N2 interchange.
- Intersection 19: The construction of the ramps and southern terminal with an additional right-turn lane on the north approach of P537 is required.
- Intersection 20: The implementation of traffic signal control is required at the southern terminal of the P535 / N2 interchange.

Also required from an operational and traffic safety point of view is the reconstruction of Road P537 – in phases - to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the standards of Kwa-Zulu Natal Road Department, which includes the realignment, widening and strengthening of the road:

- ➤ Between the access (Intersection 11) and the T-junction with R102 (Intersection 9) before 2025 (start of Phase 1),
- > Between the access (Intersection 11) and the propsoed interchaneg with the N2 before 2051 (start of Stage 4 of Phase 2),

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Table 9: Weekday Peak Hours: Summary Results of Capacity and Operational Analyses

INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	MOE	PHASE 1 Year 2025	PHASE 1 Year 2030	PHASE 2 Year 2036
	Intersection	Control	owsc	owsc	owsc
		V/C	0.079	0.079	0.086
	Weekday AM	Delay	2.0	2.0	2.0
INTERSECTION 9	Weekday Aivi	LOS	A	Α	Α
Road P537 / R102 (P2-4)		Cycle Length	-	-	-
4)		V/C	0.097	0.097	0.106
	Weekday PM	Delay	1.5	1.5	1.8
	- Trookaay i iii	LOS	Α	Α	Α
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	RBT	RBT	RBT
		V/C	0.250	0.297	0.329
		Delay	6.2	6.4	6.5
INTERSECTION 10	Weekday AM	LOS	В	В	A
Road P535 / R102 (P2-		Cycle Length	-	-	-
4)	Weekday PM	V/C	0.264	0.315	0.351
		Delay	5.7	5.8	6.0
	Weekday Fivi	LOS	A	Α	Α
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	TWSC	TWSC	TWSC
		V/C	0.047	0.047	0.021
		Delay	2.8	2.8	1.3
INTERSECTION 11	Weekday AM	LOS	A	Α	Α
Road P537 / Mine		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Access		V/C	0.039	0.039	0.012
		Delay	3.7	3.7	1.6
	Weekday PM	LOS	Α	Α	Α
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	-	-	TSC
		V/C	-	-	0.133
	\\\\\\\\	Delay	-	-	0.2
INTERCECTION 40	Weekday AM	LOS	-	-	Α
INTERSECTION 12 Road P535 / Mine		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Access		V/C	-	-	0.144
		Delay	-	-	0.3
	Weekday PM	LOS	-	-	Α
		Cycle Length	-	-	-

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INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	МОЕ	PHASE 1 Year 2025	PHASE 1 Year 2030	PHASE 2 Year 2036
	Intersection	Control	-	-	owsc
		V/C	-	-	0.039
	Mankday AM	Delay	-	-	3.1
INTERSECTION 15	Weekday AM	LOS	-	-	Α
Road P537 / N2 Northern Terminal		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Northern Fernina		V/C	-	-	0.059
	Weekday PM	Delay	-	-	0.8
	,	LOS	-	-	A
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	OWSC	OWSC	OWSC
		V/C	1.308	1.308	0.764 (0.764)
	Weekday AM	Delay	21.1	21.1	17.2 (47.1)
INTERSECTION 16		LOS	F	F	B (D)
Road P535 / N2		Cycle Length	-	-	80
Northern Terminal	Weekday PM	V/C	0.515	0.484	0.540 (0.540)
		Delay	5.2	26.3	14.1 (34.2)
	Weekday Pivi	LOS	D	Е	B (C)
		Cycle Length	-	-	60
	Intersection	Control	owsc	OWSC	owsc
		V/C	-	-	0.030
	Weekday AM	Delay	-	-	1.7
INTERSECTION 19	Weekday Aivi	LOS	-	-	В
Road P537 / N2 Southern Terminal		Cycle Length	-	-	-
Southern reminal		V/C	-	-	0.053
	Weekday PM	Delay	-	-	3.3
	vvookday i w	LOS	-	-	В
		Cycle Length	-	-	-
	Intersection	Control	owsc	OWSC	owsc
		V/C	0.703	2.111	0.645 (0.645)
	Weekday AM	Delay	8.9	29.8	7.8 (23.4)
INTERSECTION 20	l conday / livi	LOS	F	F	A (C)
INTERSECTION 20 Road P535 / N2		Cycle Length	-	-	80
Southern Terminal		V/C	0.324	0.326	0.601 (0.601)
	Mankd - : DM	Delay	5.0	4.0	8.3 (17.0)
	Weekday PM	LOS	D	D	A (B)
		Cycle Length	-	-	80

NOTE:

The MOE's in brackets show the worst / critical <u>movement</u> (OWSC and TWSC) or the worst / critical <u>approach</u> (TSC, AWSC and RBT).

TSC = Traffic Signal Control

AWSC = All-way Stop Control

TWSC = Two-way Stop Control

OWSC = One-way Stop Control

RBT = Roundabout

6.8 SUMMARY OF MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS

The required mitigation measures for the application are summarised in *Table 10*.

Table 10: Matrix of Required Mitigation Measures

NETWORK	PHASE 1	PHASE 2							
NETWORK	YEAR 2025	STAGE 1 - YEAR 2036	STAGE 4 - YEAR 2051						
Intersection 9: T- Junction between P537 and R102	Realign the southern approach to a maximum angle of 10-degrees from a safety perspective.	NA	NA						
Road P537 Between Intersections 9 & 11	Reconstruction the road to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the KZN Roads Department Standard.	NA	NA						
Intersection 12	NA	Construct partial interchange i.e. Underpass / Overpass crossing of Road P535 with marginal access on both sides of P535 separated by a physical median.	NA						
Intersection 16 & Intersection 20	NA	Implement Traffic Signal Control	NA						
Intersection 11	NA	NA	Construct partial interchange i.e. Underpass / Overpass crossing of Road P537 with marginal access on both sides of P537 separated by a physical median.						
Road P537 Between Intersections 11 & 15	NA		Reconstruction the road to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the KZN Roads Department Standard.						
Intersection 15 & Intersection 19	NA	NA	Construct the interchange between the P537 and the N2 with exclusive right-turn lanes on Road P537						

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7 TRAFFIC IMPACT ON ROAD SAFETY

7.1 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

The mining operations will generate 7-axle side tipper trucks with 34-tonne payloads. These trucks are not compatible with light vehicle traffic and must be separated from the general light vehicle fleet as far as possible.

7.2 ROAD SAFETY MITIGATION MEASURES

The following mitigation measures are recommended to improve road safety given the planned mining operations:

- Rerouting of heavy vehicles to the higher order road network namely the N2 Route (Class 1) for traffic to/from the Fairbreeze PWP and the Empangeni CPC. The signalization of the terminals of the P535 / N2 Interchange and the construction of the P537 / N2 Interchange will encourage mining related traffic to use the N2 Freeway.
- 2. The crossing of public roads by high volumes of heavy vehicle traffic is a large safety risk. The construction of partial interchanges (grade separation) is recommended at Intersections 11 and 12 (the accesses to the mining areas) to mitigate these risks.
- 3. The reconstruction of Road P537 to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the standards of Kwa-Zulu Natal Roads Department is required to accommodate heavy vehicles from a safety perspective.

The implementation of the road safety mitigation measures that will trigger construction works will require the compilation and approval of Basic Assessment Reports (BAR). These individual processes will take at least 6 months.

7.3 RESIDUE STORAGE FACILITY (RSF) REPAIRS

Failure of the RSF can potentially result in the temporary closure and damage to Road R102 and the N2-28 National freeway. During this period, traffic will have to be rerouted to other routes or temporary diversion routes will have to be constructed in the same road reserve. These diversion routes can only be determined based on the facts. The design of the required construction works, and the rerouting of traffic, is managed through a wayleave process that includes a Traffic Accommodation Plan.

The required rerouting of traffic and construction works will only be of a short-term nature, i.e. approximately 3 to 6 months, during which time traffic can be redirected based on a Disaster Management Plan and subsequent Traffic Accommodation Plans will have to be compiled.

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The temporary closure and rerouting of traffic is common with flooding, stability issues on slopes, and other natural disasters.

7.4 PUBLIC TRANSPORT STOPS (PTS)

The construction of Public Transport Stops (PTS) is recommended on both sides, south of the partial interchange intersections on Road P535 and Road P537 as shown on *Illustration 1* and *Figure 7* to support the development.

7.5 NON-MOTORISED TRANSPORT (NMT)

The construction of paved sidewalks is recommended only at the accesses on Road P535 and Road P537 to link these accesses with the proposed Public Transport Stops (PTS) at these accesses as shown on *Illustration 1* and *Figure 7*.

7.6 IMPACT ASSESSMENT RATING

The impact assessment rating below is based on the results of the Traffic Impact Assessment in terms of expected traffic generation, expected impact on the road network, expected road safety implications and the required mitigation measures.

The impacts considered in the traffic engineering discipline stretch over the entire phase, as the impact is generated by activities during the life of the project. The traffic impacts are expected; therefore, the probability is high. Most traffic related impacts are however simple matters to mitigate.

The impact rating methodology is based on the impact scores from *Table 11*, *Table 12*, *Table 13*, *Table 14*, *Table 15*, and *Table 16* below. The Severity is calculated based on the product of the Probability and the sum of the Extent, Duration, Reversibility, and Magnitude (Significance = (Extent + Duration + Reversibility + Magnitude) x Probability).

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Table 11: Magnitude of Impact

SCORE	DESCRIPTION
0	Small and will have no effect on the environment.
1	Minor and will not result in an impact on processes (to be defined by individual specialist fields).
2	Low and will cause a slight impact on processes.
3	Moderate and will result in processes continuing but in a modified way.
4	High (processes are altered to the extent that they temporarily cease).
5	Very high and results in complete destruction of patterns and permanent cessation of processes.

Table 12: Extent of Impact

SCORE	DESCRIPTION
1	The impact will be limited to the site.
2	The impact will be limited to the local area (local study area).
3	The impact will be limited to the region.
4	The impact will be national.
5	The impact will be international.

Table 13: Reversibility of Impact

SCORE	DESCRIPTION
1	The impact is immediately reversible.
3	The impact is reversible within 2 years after the cause or stress is removed.
5	The activity will lead to an impact that is in all practical terms permanent.

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Table 14: Duration of Impact

SCORE	DESCRIPTION
1	Of a very short duration (0 to 1 years).
2	Of a short duration (2 to 5 years).
3	Medium term (5–15 years).
4	Long term (> 15 years).
5	Permanent (this is considered permanent if the impact will be experienced post mine closure).

Table 15: Probability of Impact

SCORE	DESCRIPTION
1	Very improbable (probably will not happen).
2	Improbable (some possibility, but low likelihood).
3	Probable (distinct possibility).
4	Highly probable (most likely).
5	Definite (impact will occur regardless of any prevention measures).

Table 16: Significance Weightings

OVERALL SCORE	SIGNIFICANCE RATING	DESCRIPTION
<30 points	Low	Where this impact would not have a direct influence on the decision to develop in the area.
31 - 60 points	Medium	Where the impact could influence the decision to develop in the area unless it is effectively mitigated.
> 60 points High		Where the impact must have an influence on the decision process to develop in the area.

Note: Significance = (Extent + Duration + Reversibility + Magnitude) x Probability

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Table 17: Impact Assessment Rating

ACTIVITY	POTENTIAL IMPACT	ASPECTS AFFECTED	SIZE AND SCALE OF DISTUR-BANCE	MAGNITUDE	EXTENT	REVERSIBILITY	DURATION	PROBABILITY	SIGNIFICANCE WITHOUT MITIGATION	MAGNITUDE	EXTENT	REVERSIBILITY	DURATION	PROBABILITY	SIGNIFICANCE WITH MITIGATION	DETAILED MITIGATION MEASURES	MITIGATIO N TYPE	STANDARDS TO BE ACHIEVED				
Site- Establishment			Internal to site ±5 Peak Hour Trips	1	1	1	1	5	20	1	1	1	1	5	20	No external mitigation required.	NA					
Phase 1			Fairbreeze PWP to Mine west of P537 ±9 Peak Hour Trips	1	2	1	2	5	30	1	2	1	2	5	30	Reconstruction of P537 between Mine Access and R102	Construction works	Compliance				
Phase 2 Stage 1 (From 2036)			PWP Port Dunford to CPC Empangeni ±12 Peak Hour Trips	3	3	1	3	5	50	2	3	1	3	5	45	Construction of grade- separated access from/to P535	Construction works	Compliance with COTO Standards, Standards for KZN Provincial				
	Additional traffic generated	traffic	traffic and Traffic generated Safety	c and Traffic	c and Traffic	traffic and Traffic	ROM crossing P537 ±473 Peak Hour Trips	5	3	1	4	5	65	3	3	1	4	5	55	Construction of grade- separated access from/to P537	Construction works	Roads, and Standards for SANRAL National
Phase 2 Stage 4 (From 2051)			PWP Port Dunford to CPC Empangeni ±12 Peak Hour Trips		4	3	1	4	5	60	2	3	1	4	5	50	Reconstruction of P537 between Mine Access and N2	Construction works	Roads.			
				4	3	1	4	5	60	2	3	1	4	5	50	Construct the interchange between P537 and N2	Construction works					
Site Closure (2069)			Internal to site ±5 Peak Hour Trips	1	1	1	1	5	20	1	1	1	1	5	20	No external mitigation required.	NA					

8 TRAFFIC IMPACT ON PAVEMENT

8.1 INTRODUCTION

The Tronox Mine will not cause pavement damage to the road network since the loading of heavy vehicles will be strictly controlled through the weighing of loads with static weighbridges which will be provided on site. Tronox Mine will comply with the permissible maximum vehicle mass in terms of the National Road Traffic Act.

However, all heavy vehicles have an impact on road pavements, i.e. they gradually, over time, use a proportion of the pavement design strength which requires ongoing maintenance and rehabilitation during the design life of a road. It is not standard practice to hold developers / mines accountable for the use of pavement design strength since they pay taxes to central government which allocates the funding required for roads (new construction works, maintenance, and rehabilitation) to provincial and national road authorities. The only instances where developers and mines are held accountable for the use of pavement design strength is when they overload, which results in pavement damage, and when traffic generated by them utilise local roads which are not appropriate, i.e. not planned and designed to serve the specific function. This is not the case with the provincial and national roads that will be affected by the Tronox Mine.

8.2 EXPECTED INCREMENTAL LOADING ON PAVEMENT

Access to the supporting road network, from the Port Dunford Mining Areas, will be from Road P537 in the west and Road P535 in the east since these roads bisect the mining areas. The largest impact, in terms of loading, is thus expected on these provincial roads.

The expected impact of heavy vehicles on these roads, in terms of equivalent standard axle loads (ESALS) or E80kN axles, was thus determined for three (3) consecutive 15-year periods which corresponds with the typical design life of a road pavement. Please note that the design ESALS for a medium strength pavement is 0.1 - 3.0 million E80kN loads while the design ESALS for a heavy pavement is 3.0 - 100.0 million E80kN loads.

Average Truck Factors (E80kN loading per truck) of 4.0 was assumed for all loaded trucks while 0.6 was assumed for all empty trucks.

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Table 18: Expected Million ESALS

PHASE	ROUTE	ROAD SECTIONS	MILLION ESALS IN FIRST 15 YEAR DESIGN-PERIOD	MILLION ESALS IN SECOND 15 YEAR DESIGN-PERIOD	MILLION ESALS IN THIRD 15 YEAR DESIGN-PERIOD	
PHASE 1: 2025 – 2036: New Mine at Port Dunford (PWP remains at Fairbreeze)	From Port Dunford Mine to PWP Fairbreeze	Road P537, R102, N2	0,008	-	-	
	From PWP Fairbeeze to CPC Empangeni	R102, N2, R34	0,0005	-	-	
	From CPC Empangeni to PWP Fairbreeze	R102, N2, R34	0,0014	-	-	
	From PWP Fairbreeze to Port Dunford Mine	Road P537, R102, N2	0,0002	-	-	
	For Deal	Mine Access Road on P537	•	1,381	1,381	
	From Port Dunford Mine to PWP Port	Mine Access Road on P535	-	-	2,761	
	Dunford	Internal Circulation Road	2,761	8,284	8,284	
PHASE 2: 2036 – 2069:	From PWP Port Dunford to CPC Empangeni	Road P537, Road P535, R102, N2, R34	0,068	0,203	0,203	
New Mine AND PWP at Port Dunford	From CPC Empangeni to PWP Port Dunford	Road P537, Road P535, R102, N2, R34	0,030	0,091	0,091	
		Mine Access Road on P537	-	0,215	0,215	
	From PWP Port Dunford to Port	Mine Access Road on P535	-	•	0,431	
	Dunford Mine	Internal Circulation Road	-	1,292	1,292	

8.3 ASSESSMENT OF LOADING IMPACT

Inspection of the expected incremental loading, in terms of ESALS, is summarised in Table 18 which shows the following:

- Significant loading, in terms of ESALS, is expected on the Internal Circulation Road(s) during all three 15-year periods,
- ➤ Significant loading, in terms of ESALS, is only expected on the Mine Access Roads during the second and third 15-year periods from/to Road P537 and only the third period from/to Road P535,

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> Significant loading, in terms of ESALS, is not expected on the external provincial or national roads during any of the operational periods,

Table 19: Summary of Expected Million ESALS in Critical Direction

ROAD SECTIONS	MIL. STD. AXLES IN FIRST 15 YEAR DESIGN-PERIOD	MIL. STD. AXLES IN SECOND 15 YEAR DESIGN-PERIOD	MIL. STD. AXLES IN THIRD 15 YEAR DESIGN-PERIOD		
Internal Circulation Road(s)	2,761	8,284	8,284		
Mine Access Road on P535	0,068	0,203	2,964		
Mine Access Road on P537	0,008	1,381	1,381		

The TIA has concluded that Road P537 must be reconstructed to comply with the minimum geometric standards for a Class 3 provincial road. This road must be designed, and constructed, to accommodate the expected design ESALS for the design life of this road. The rehabilitation of Road P535 will likely be required only during the third 15-year design period.

All the Mine Access Roads and the Internal Circulation Road(s) must be designed and constructed to accommodate the expected design ESALS for the design life of these roads.

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9 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is concluded and recommended:

- 1. The mining operations at Port Dunford is planned between 2025 and 2069. Phase 1 (2025 2036) will entail the transport of ROM between Port Dunford and the PWP at Fairbreeze, while the HMC produced at the Fairbreeze PWP will still be transported by road to the Empangeni CPC (and will therefore not generate any new traffic).
- 2. The ROM during Phase 1 will be transported by ±18 heavy vehicles (two-way traffic) and will only require the reconstruction of the northern section of Road P537 to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the standards of Kwa-Zulu Natal Roads Department and the realignment of the southern approach at the T-junction with the R102 (from a safety perspective).
- 3. Phase 2 Stage 1 operations will be based on a new PWP at Port Dunford in 2036 and will require the construction of a partial interchange at the access on Road P535 given the high volume of heavy vehicles that will cross P535 during Stage 5 (473 veh/hr two-way traffic), as well as the signalization of the terminals of the P535 / N2 interchange which are already experiencing capacity problems.
- 4. Phase 2 Stage 4 operations in 2051 will require the construction of a partial interchange at the access on Road P537 given the high volume of heavy vehicles that will cross P537 during Stage 4 (473 veh/hr two-way traffic), as well as the reconstruction of the southern section of P537 to a design speed of 80km/h to comply with the standards of Kwa-Zulu Natal Roads Department and the construction of an interchange between P537 and the N2.
- 5. The reconstruction of the Internal Mining Area Access Road, Road P535, and Road P535 in three sections of 15-year design lives is required.

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FIGURES

Figure 1: Locality Plan and Study Area

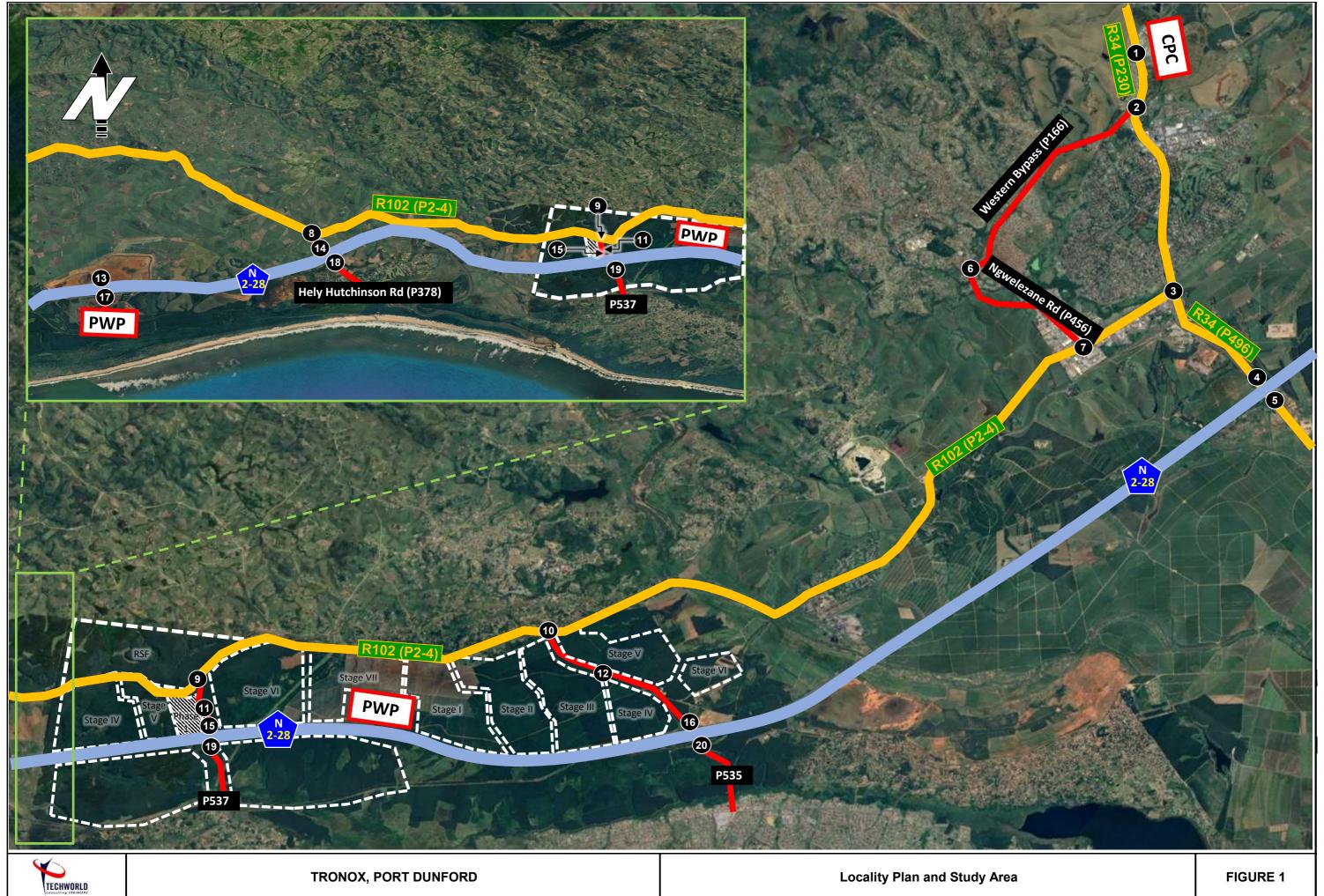
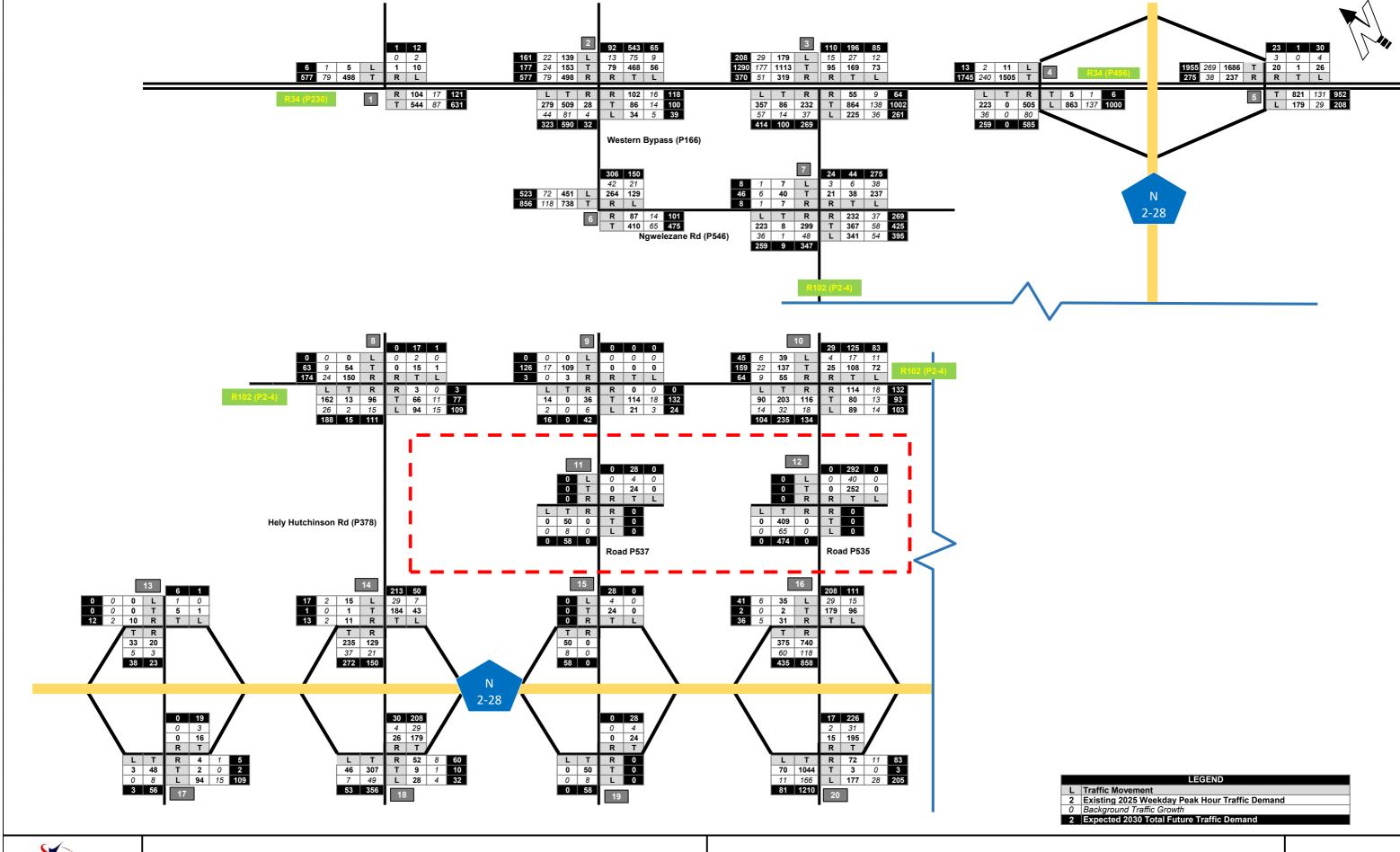


Figure 2: 2030 Background Weekday AM Peak Hour Traffic Demand

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TECHWORLD

Figure 3: 2030 Background Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Demand

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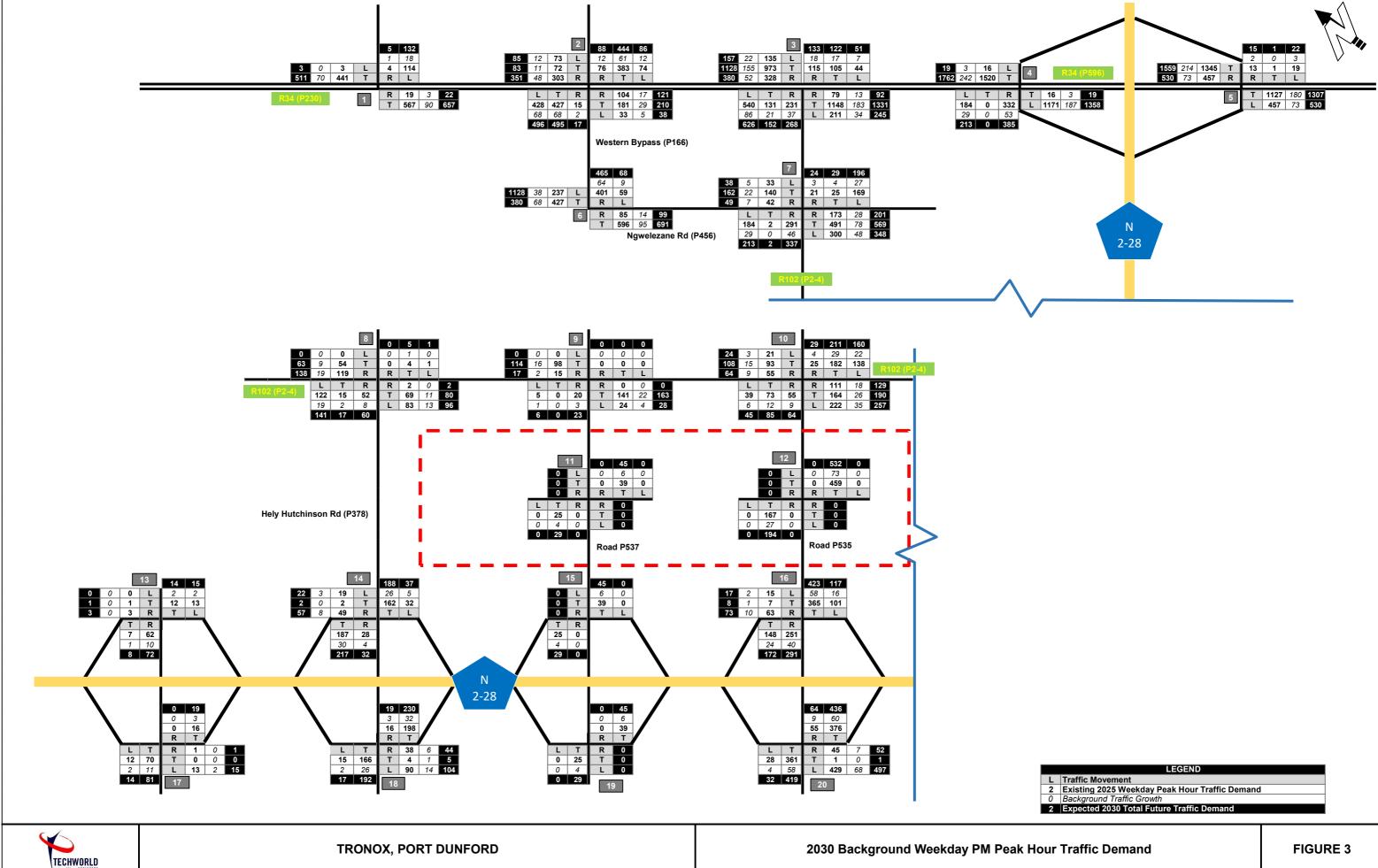


Figure 4: Phase 1 - 2030 Weekday Peak Hour Traffic Demand

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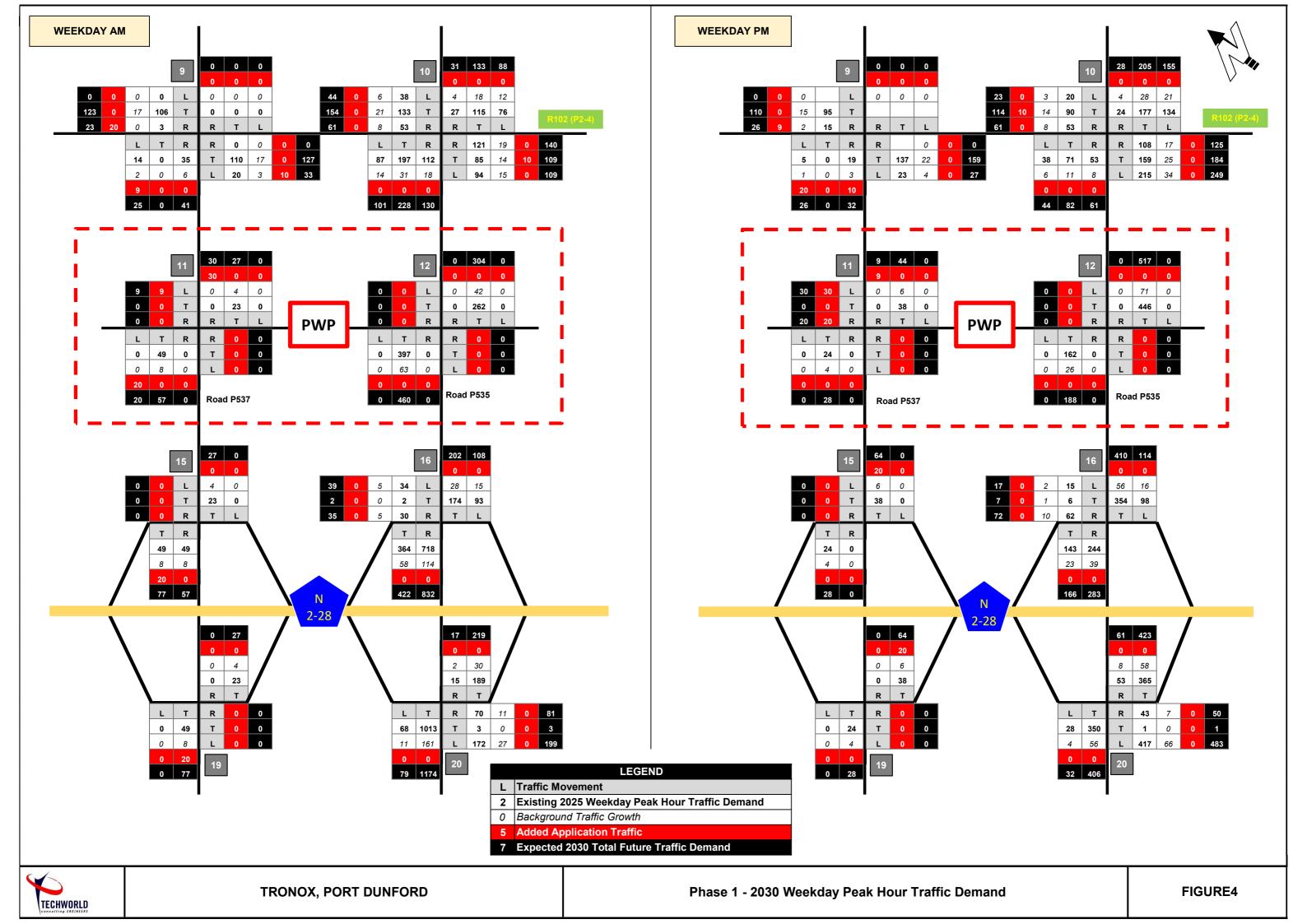


Figure 5: Phase 2 Stage 1 - 2036 Weekday Peak Hour Traffic Demand

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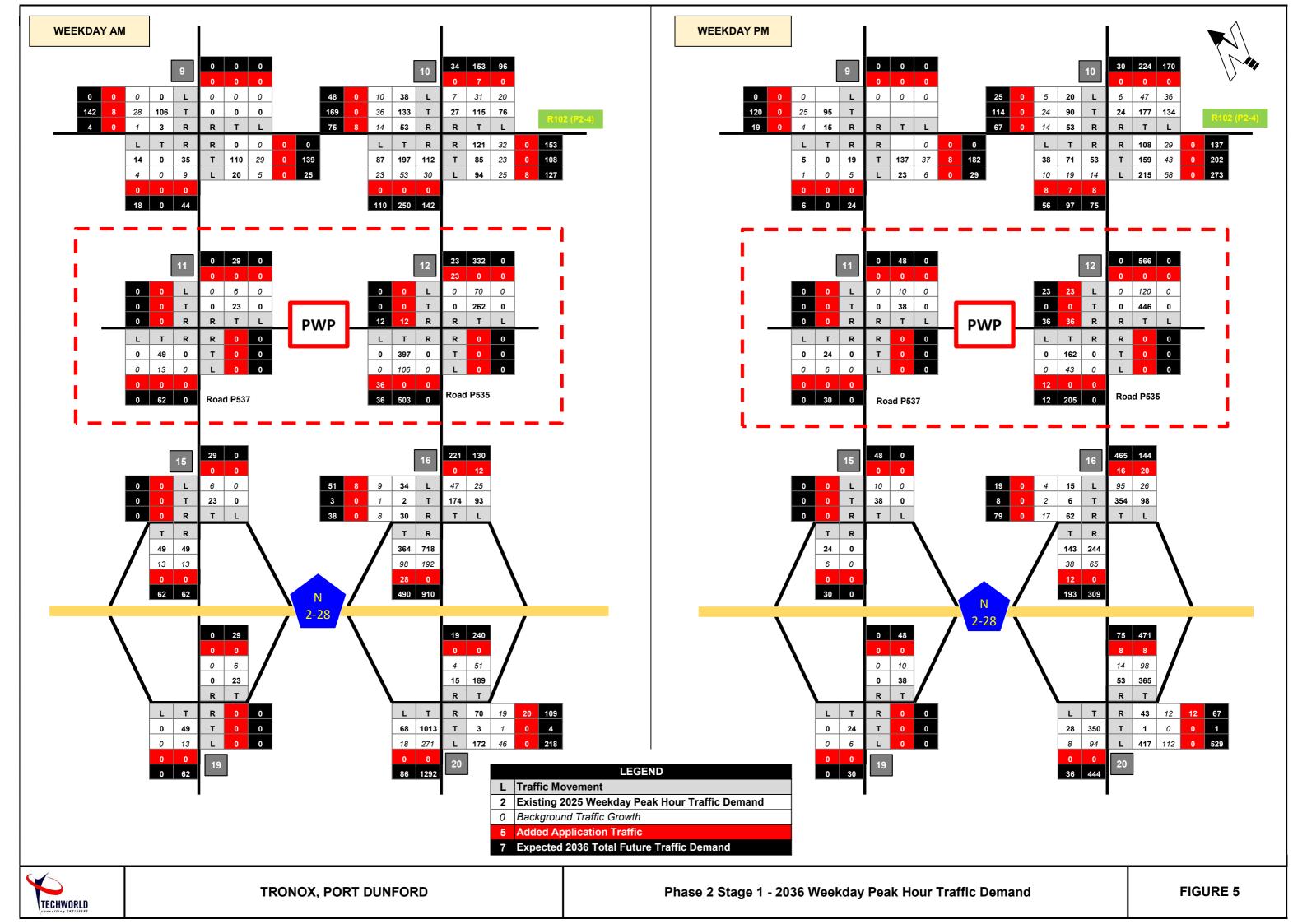


Figure 6: Phase 2 Stage 5 – 2036 Weekday Peak Hour Traffic Demand

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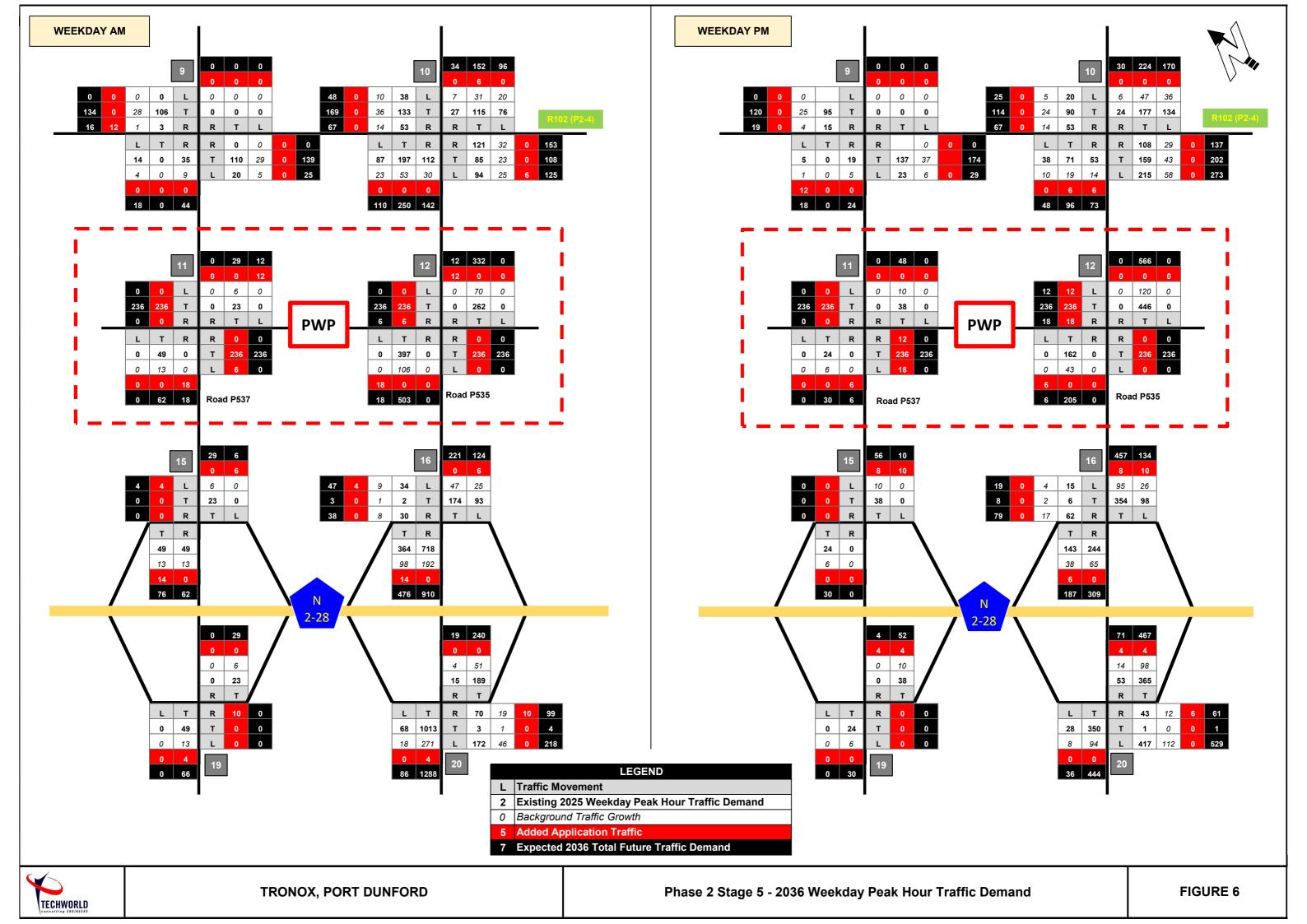
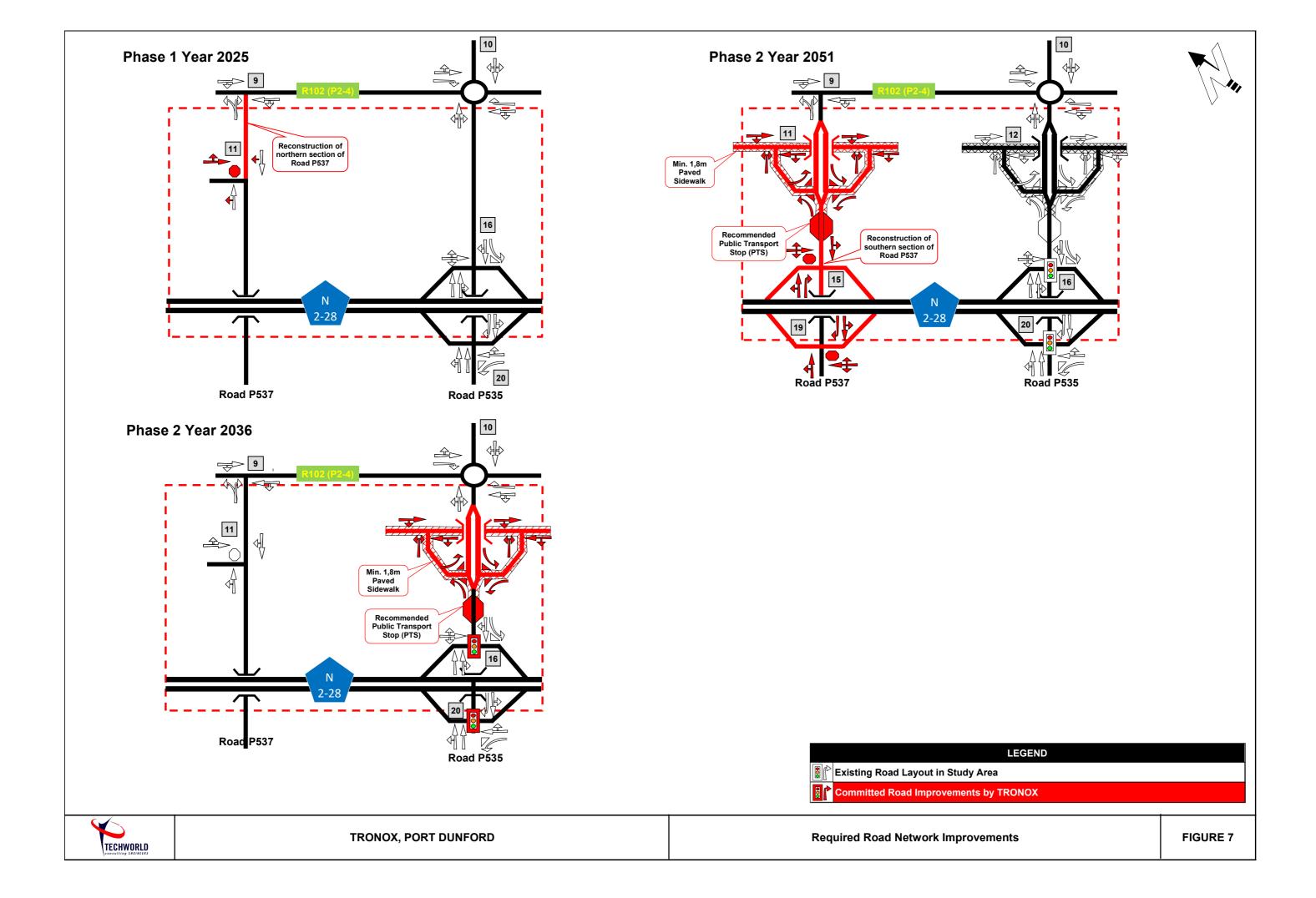


Figure 7: Required Road Network Improvements

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APPENDICES

Appendix A: Traffic Counts

RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

D.L

R34 & ACCESS TO TRONOX KZN SANDS

YPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT 3



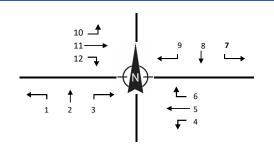


JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

R34

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

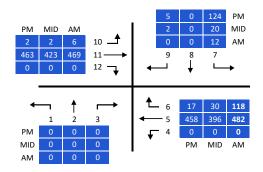


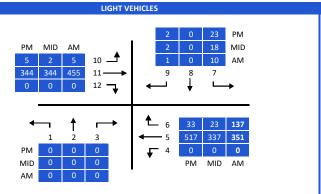
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

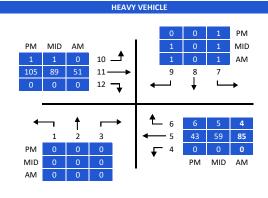
ACCESS TO TRONOX KZN SANDS

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

R34







RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

D.L

WESTERN BYPASS & R34(NKWANAZI ST)

4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT 2





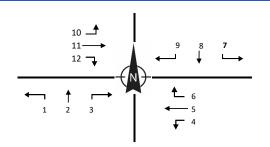
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

R34(NKWANAZI ST)

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

WESTERN BYPASS

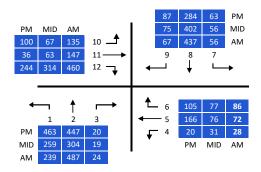


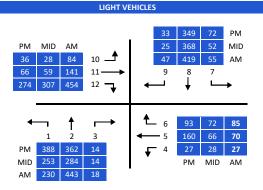
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

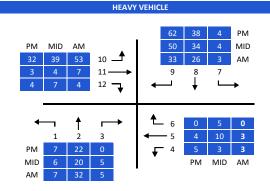
WESTERN BYPASS

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

R34(NKWANAZI ST)







RICHARDS BAY
UT2022-2219
Tuesday, 15 November 2022
06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:
INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

R102 & R34

D.L

PE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT 1



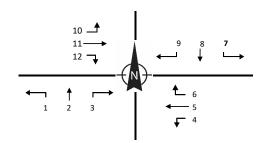


JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

R34

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND
R102

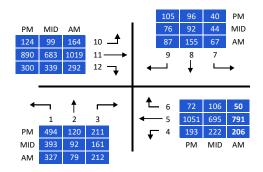


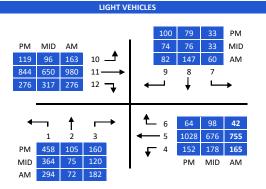
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

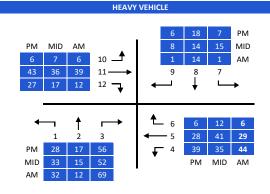
R102

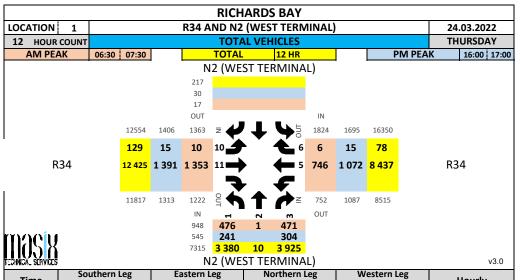
EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

R34

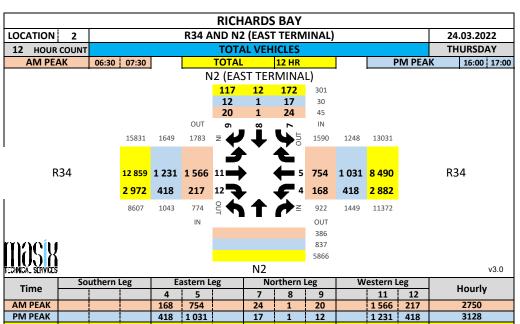




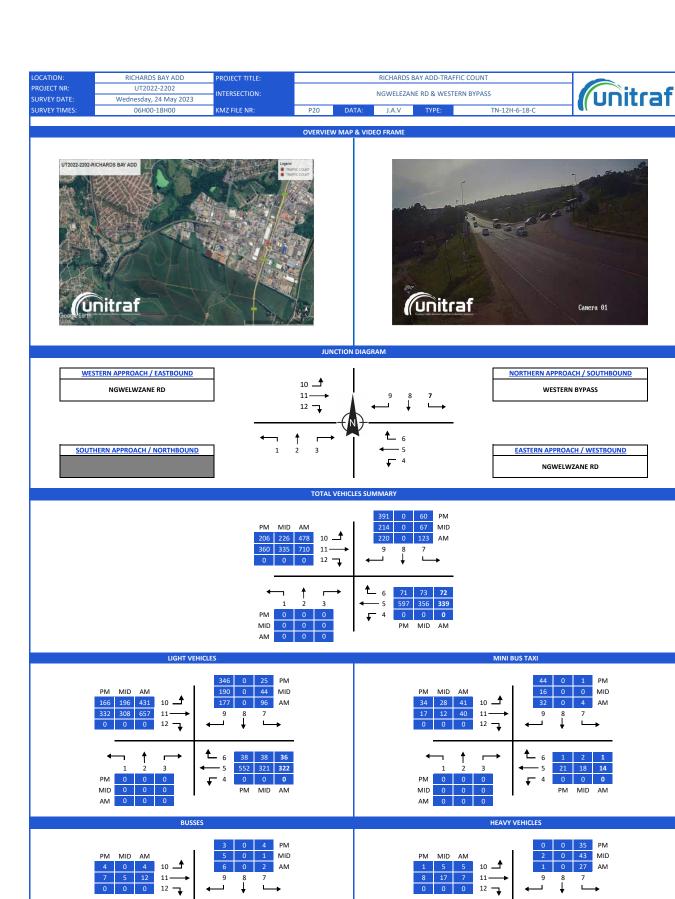




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07:00	121		128		200	1				1	336	ł	2757	06:15
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07:30	99		101		214				1	2	313	ł	3088	06:45
07:45	101		98		200	2			1	5	311	ł	3079	07:00
08:00	86		97		187	2				4	228	ł	2896	07:15
08:15	77		88		155	1			1	5	230	ł	2606	07:30
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20:15			İ						İ		İ	į		19:30
20:30			İ						İ		İ	į		19:45
20:45	1		İ						İ		İ	<u> </u>		20:00

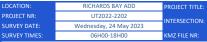


ETHINATOUT SELLAIOES										V3.U				
Time	So	uthern I	Leg		astern L	eg		rthern		W	estern l		Hourly	,
		ļ	ļ	4	5	ļ	7	8	9		11	12	-	
AM PEAK		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	168	754	<u> </u>	24	1	20		1 566	217	2750	
PM PEAK		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	418	1 031	<u> </u>	17	1	12		1 231	418	3128	
TOTAL					8 490		172	12	117		12 859		27504	
06:00		į	į	34	144	į	3	i .	1		307	28		
06:15		ŀ	ŀ	38	165	ļ.	5	1	1		356	37		
06:30		i	i	41	168	i	4	i	5		398	44	2522	00:00
06:45 07:00		ŀ	ŀ	45	206	ŀ	6 4	ŀ	3		427	65 53	2532 2663	06:00
07:15		İ	İ	45 37	197 183	İ	10	1	8 4		342 399	52 56	2750	06:15 06:30
07:30		İ	İ	37	165	İ	4	1	3		375	44	2718	06:45
07:45		į	į	36	181	į	4	1	4		361	33	2586	07:00
08:00		į	į	42	171	į	5		3		317	35	2511	07:15
08:15		į	į	45	178	į	4	į	3		301	34	2386	07:30
08:30		į	į	33	165	į	6	į	1		279	39	2281	07:45
08:45		ł	ł	34	125	ł	2	ł	6		256	41	2125	08:00
09:00		ł	ł	31	130	ł	4	ł	3		249	48	2017	08:15
09:15		l	l	32	135	l	2	l	2		245	15	1883	08:30
09:30		•	•	36	147	•	2	•	•		236	30	1811	08:45
09:45		į	į	48	129	į	2	į	4		219	40	1789	09:00
10:00		į	į	49	157	į	1	į	1		239	42	1813	09:15
10:15		ļ	ļ	50	162	ļ	4	;	ļ		209	45	1852	09:30
10:30		i	i	50	143	i	4	1			184	34	1817	09:45
10:45		ŀ	ŀ	44	141	ŀ	2	ŀ	2		216	42	1822	10:00
11:00		•	•	45	162	•	2	•			226	61	1829	10:15
11:15		ļ	ļ	49	166	ļ	4	_	5		208	61	1852	10:30
11:30 11:45		ļ	ļ	50 51	161 149	ļ	6 3	2 1	3		221 215	47 56	1926 1954	10:45 11:00
12:00		!	!	54	168	!	1	1	2		246	56 54	1983	11:00
12:15		ļ	ļ	40	161	ļ	1	ļ	2		258	59	2009	11:30
12:30		ł	ł	49	172	ł	5	ł	1		228	51	2025	11:45
12:45		•	•	63	149	•	5	•	4		208	53	2032	12:00
13:00		!	!	68	167	!	3	!	ļ		238	62	2045	12:15
13:15		į	į	70	165	į	4	į	4		229	54	2052	12:30
13:30		į	į	54	145	į	2	į	1		188	68	2004	12:45
13:45		į	į	61	176	į	2	1	2		219	74	2057	13:00
14:00		į	į	83	177	į	3	į	3		226	67	2078	13:15
14:15		į	į	76	155	į	4	į	2		226	52	2067	13:30
14:30		į	į	62	175	į	6	1	2		231	94	2180	13:45
14:45		į.	į.	84	176	į.	4	į.	2		245	104	2260	14:00
15:00		į.	į.	86	191	į.	3	1	3		251	89	2325	14:15
15:15		į	į	85	169	į	2	1	3		267	85	2422	14:30
15:30 15:45		į	į	100	200	į	4	į	6		282	109	2548 2634	14:45
16:00				101 104	209 243		3	1	2 4		291 296	94 92	2753	15:00 15:15
16:15		į	į	114	270	į	6		3		317	121	2972	15:15
16:30		į	į	100	257	į	6	į	5		330	121	3094	15:45
16:45		i	i	100	261	i	2	i	,		288	84	3128	16:00
17:00		l	l	94	246	l	4	l	1		282	114	3126	16:15
17:15				88	269		4		1		256	99	3012	16:30
17:30		ŀ	ŀ	57	192	ŀ	4	ŀ	3		247	63	2759	16:45
17:45		ļ.	ļ.	87	167	ļ.	1	ļ.	1		225	80	2585	17:00
18:00		ļ	ļ		!	ļ		ļ	ļ			ļ	1844	17:15
18:15		!	!		!	!		!	!			!	1127	17:30
18:30		ļ	ļ		!	ļ		ļ	ļ			ļ	561	17:45
18:45		ļ	ļ		!	ļ		ļ	ļ			ļ		18:00
19:00		ļ	ļ			ļ		ļ	ļ			ļ		18:15
19:15		ļ	ļ			ł		ł	ł			ł		18:30
19:30		!	!			!		!	!			!		18:45
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20:00 20:15		į	į		İ	į		į	į			į		19:15 19:30
20:30		į	į		İ	į		į	į			į		19:30
20:45		İ	İ		į	İ	1	İ	İ	1		İ		20:00
20.43	1	!	!	Ī	!	!		!	!			!	ı	20.00



0 0 0

PM 0 0 0 MID 0 0 0



UT2022-2202-RICHARDS BAY ADD NGWELEZANE RD & R102

P19 DATA: J.A.V TYPE:

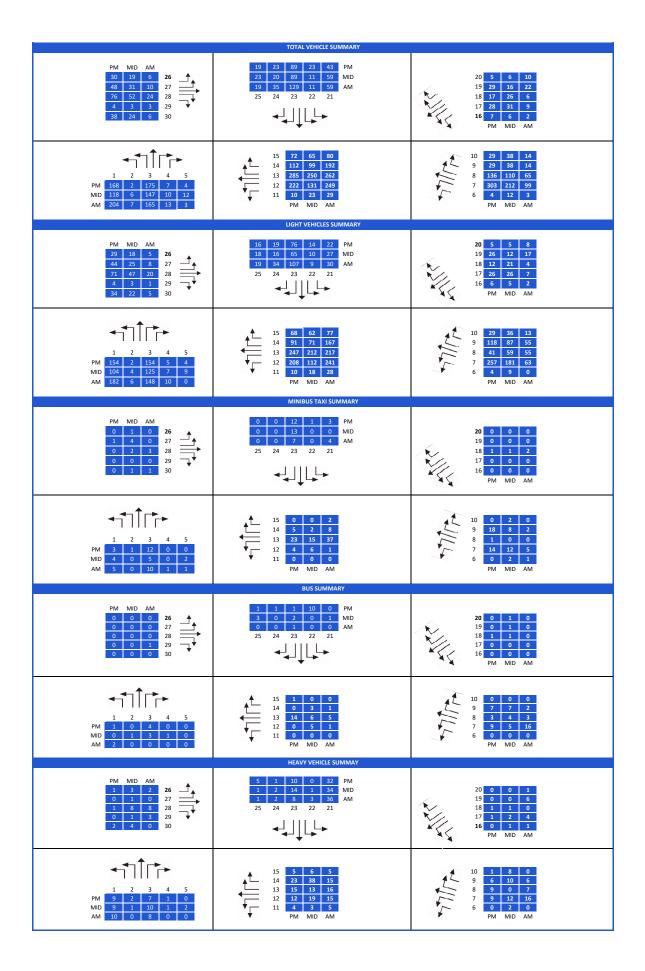






6W-12H-6-18-C

NORTHERN APPROACH NORTH EAST APPROACH 25 24 23 22 21 TANNER RD 26 27 28 29 30 WESTERN APPROACH EASTERN APPROACH NGWELEZANE RD 4TH ST 6TH ST R102



RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

J.A.V

R102 & UNKNOWN RD

PE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT11





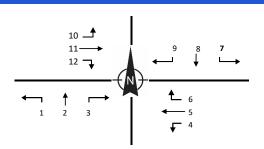
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

R102

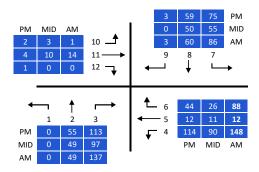


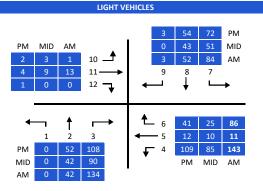
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

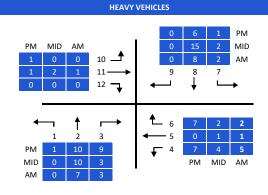
R102

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD







RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

J.A.V

R102 & UNKNOWN RD

YPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT9



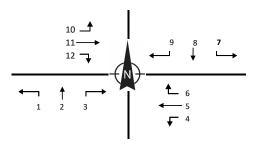


JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND
R102

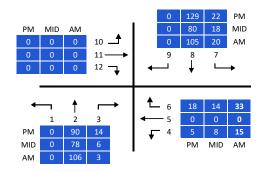


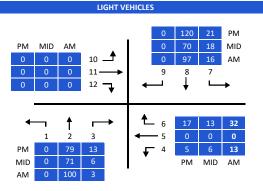
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

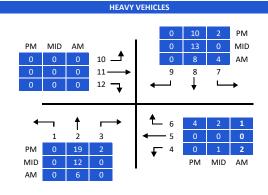
R102

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD







RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:
INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

R102 & P535

J.A.V

YPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT7



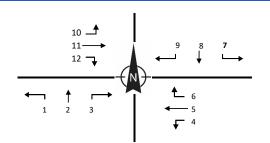


JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

P743

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND
R102

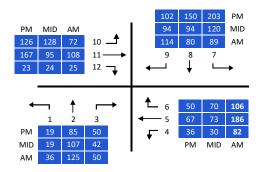


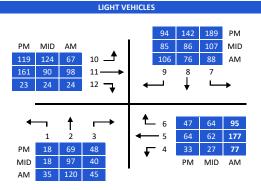
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

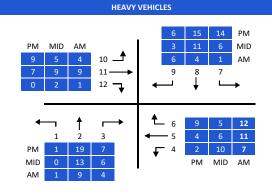
R102

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

P535







RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

N2 ON/OFF-RAMP & FAIRBREEZE MINE

J.A.V TYPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT15





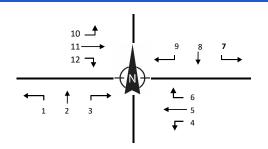
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

FAIRBREEZE MINE

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

N2 OFF-RAMP



NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

N2 ON-RAMP

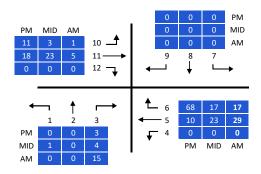
EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

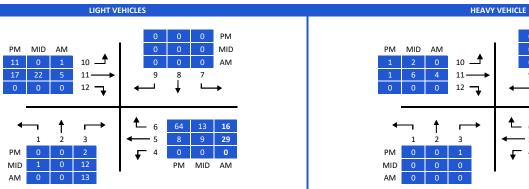
FAIRBREEZE MINE

MID

0 0

PM MID AM





RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

J.A.V

N2 ON/OFF-RAMP & UNKNOWN RD

TYPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT12





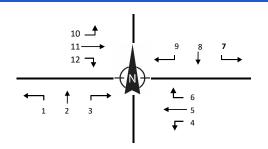
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

N2 OFF-RAMP

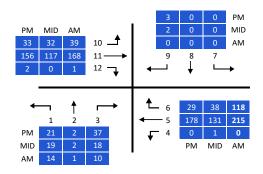


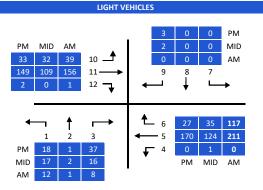
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

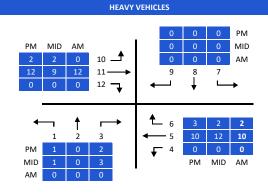
N2 ON-RAMP

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD







RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

J.A.V

P535 & N2 ON/OFF-RAMP

TYPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT6





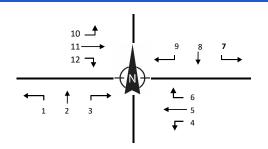
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

P535

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

N2 OFF-RAMP

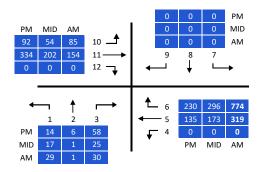


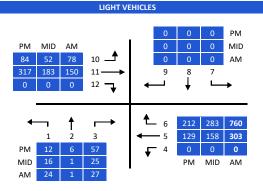
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

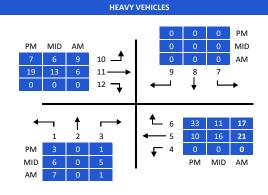
N2 ON-RAMP

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

P535







RICHARDS BAY UT2022-2219 Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:

19
INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

J.A.V

N2 ON/OFF-RAMP & FAIRBREEZE MINE

: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT16





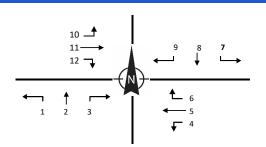
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

FAIRBREEZE MINE

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

N2 ON-RAMP

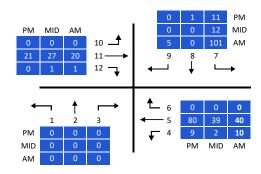


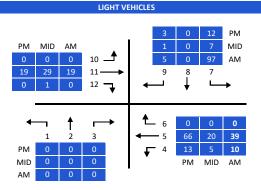
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

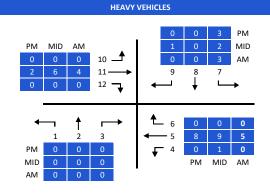
N2 OFF-RAMP

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

FAIRBREEZE MINE







RICHARDS BAY
UT2022-2219
Tuesday, 15 November 2022

06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:
INTERSECTION:

KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

N2 ON/OFF-RAMP & HELY HUTCHINSON RD

DATA: J.A.V T

TYPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT13





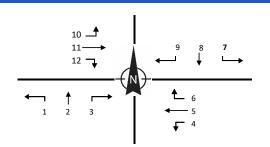
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

UNKNOWN RD

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

N2 ON-RAMP

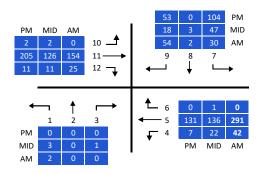


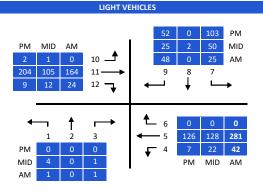
NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

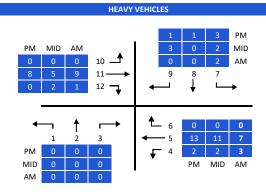
N2 OFF-RAMP

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

HELY HUTCHINSON RD







RICHARDS BAY
UT2022-2219
Tuesday, 15 November 2022
06H00-18H00

PROJECT TITLE:
INTERSECTION:
KMZ FILE NR:

RICHARDS BAY-TRAFFIC COUNT

J.A.V

P535 & N2 ON/OFF-RAMP

TYPE: 4W-12H-6-18-C



OVERVIEW MAP & VIDEO FRAME

INT5





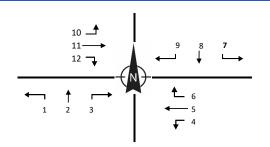
JUNCTION DIAGRAM

WESTERN APPROACH / EASTBOUND

P535

SOUTHERN APPROACH / NORTHBOUND

N2 ON-RAMP



NORTHERN APPROACH / SOUTHBOUND

N2 OFF-RAMP

EASTERN APPROACH / WESTBOUND

P535

